

Spring 2010

May 11, 2010

NIDIS - UPPER COLORADO BASIN PILOT PROJECT

Weekly Climate, Water & Drought Assessment

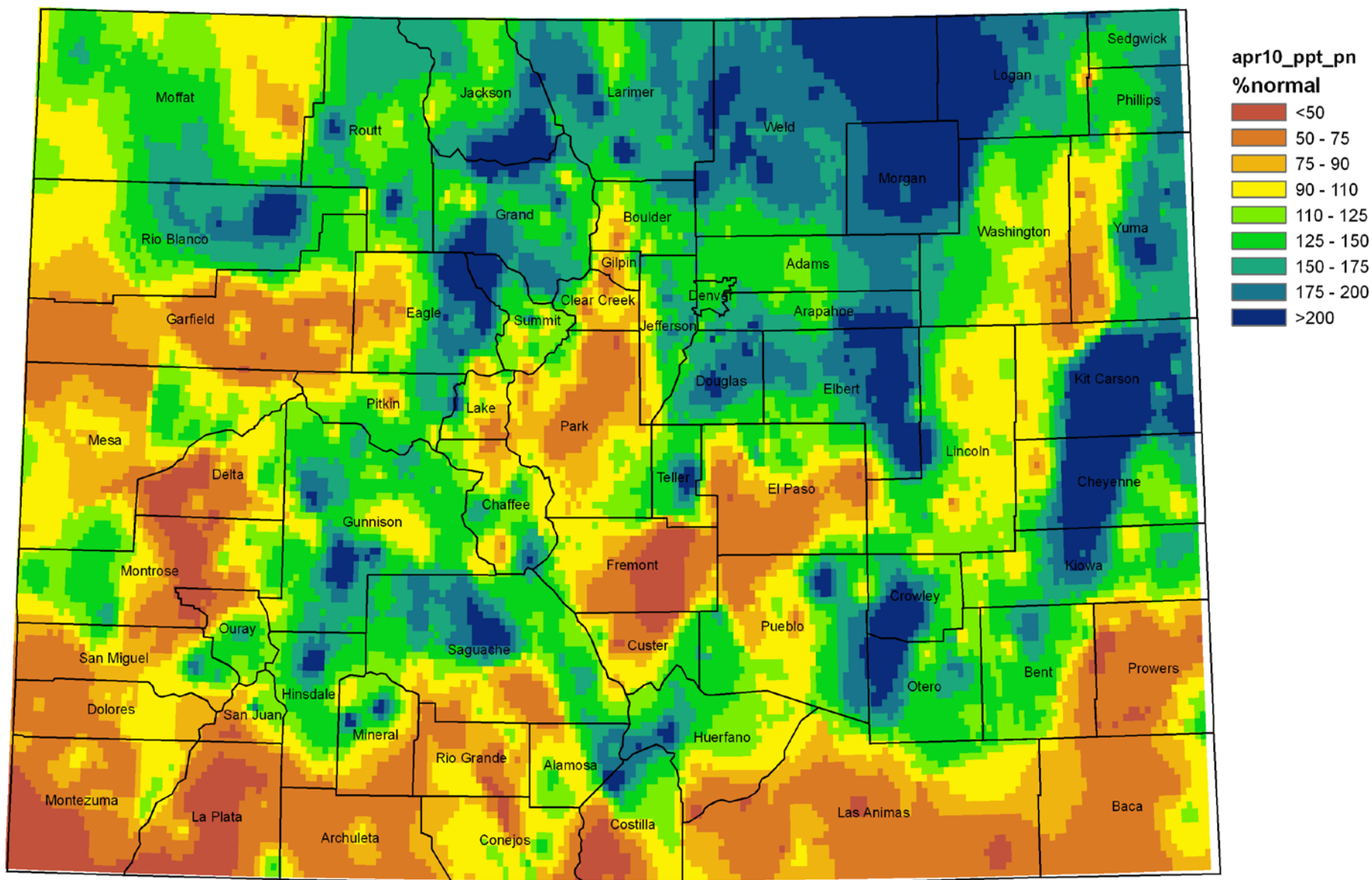
Today's Agenda

- Assessment of current water conditions
- Precipitation Forecast
- Recommendations for Drought Monitor

Precipitation/Snowpack Update

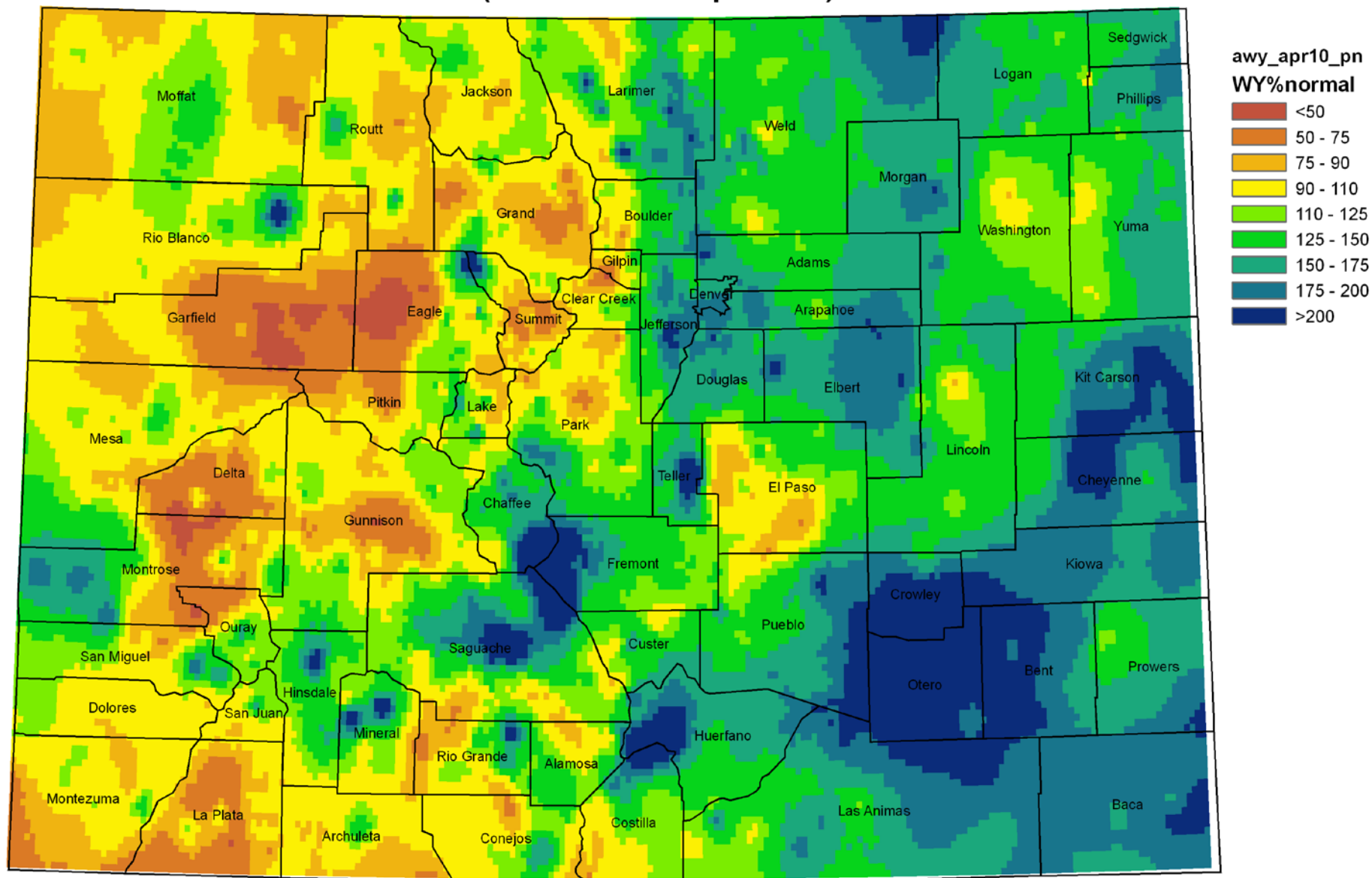


April 2010 Precipitation as Percent of Normal



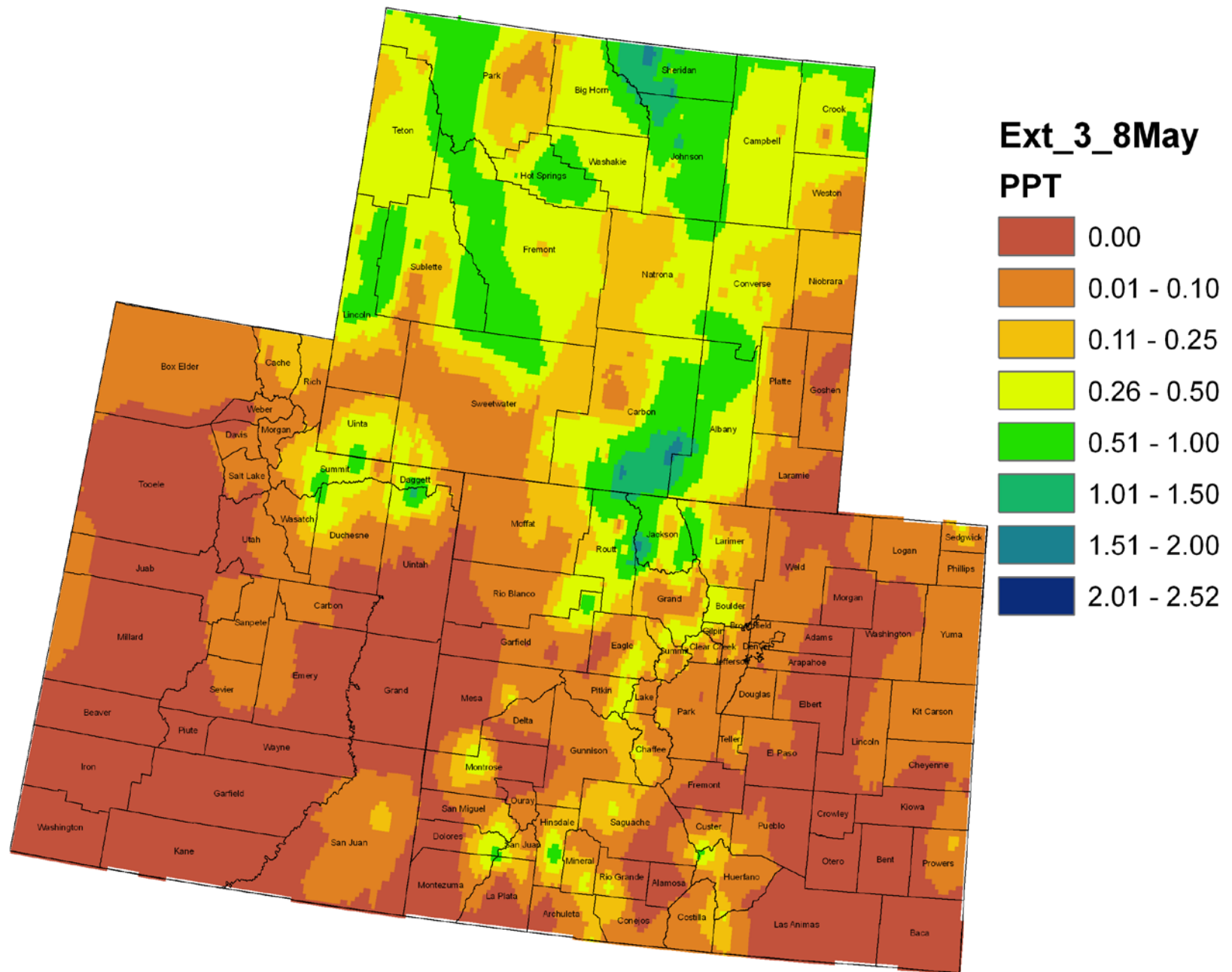
Produced by the Colorado Climate Center utilizing Snotel, NWS, CoCoRaHS and CoAgMet* Preliminary Precipitation Data
Analysis: Inverse Distance Weighting
*Summer only

Water Year 2010 Precipitation as Percent of Normal (Oct 09 - Apr 10)

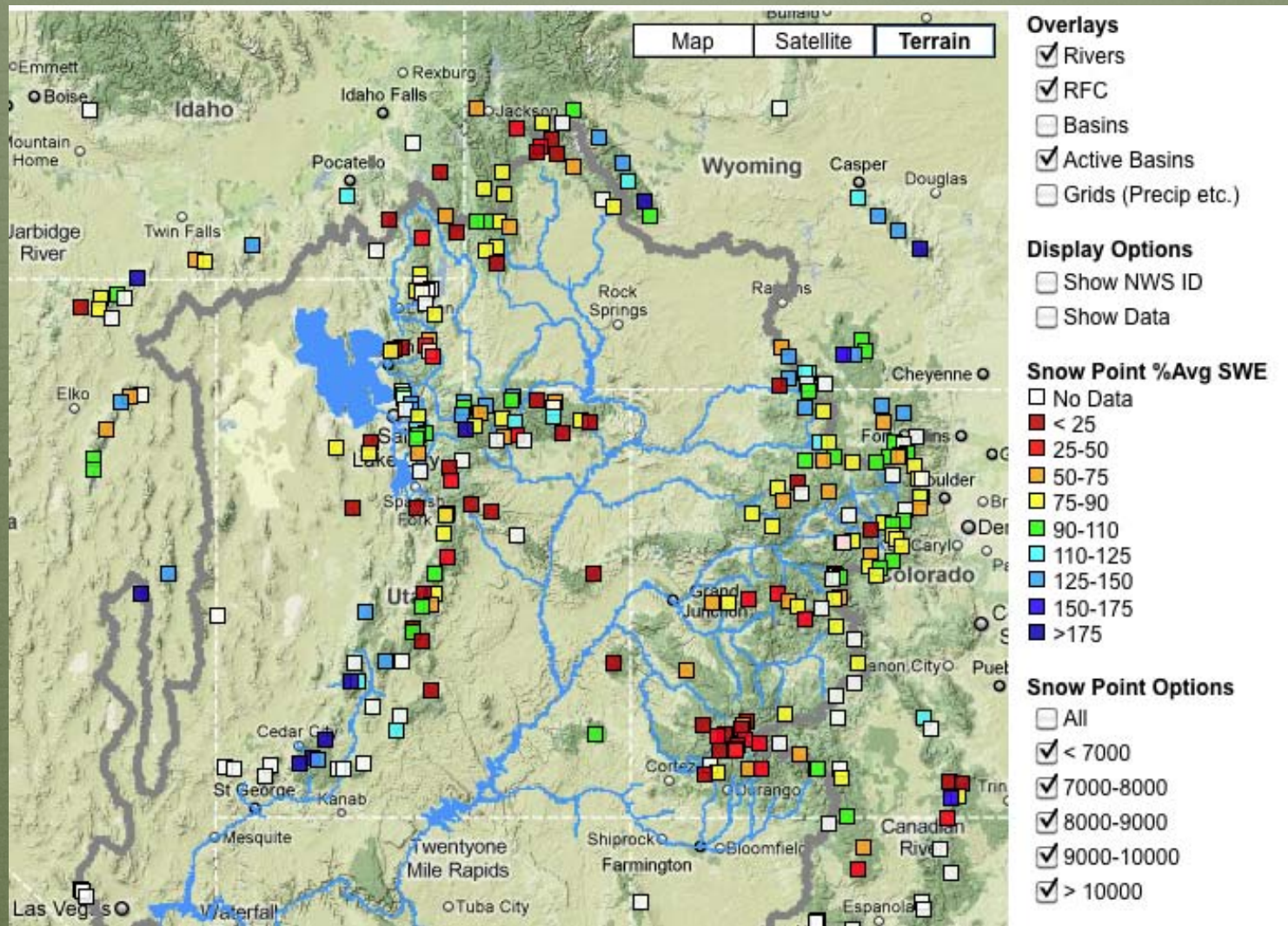


Produced by the Colorado Climate Center utilizing Snotel, NWS, CoCoRaHS and CoAgMet* Preliminary Precipitation Data
Analysis: Inverse Distance Weighting
*Summer only

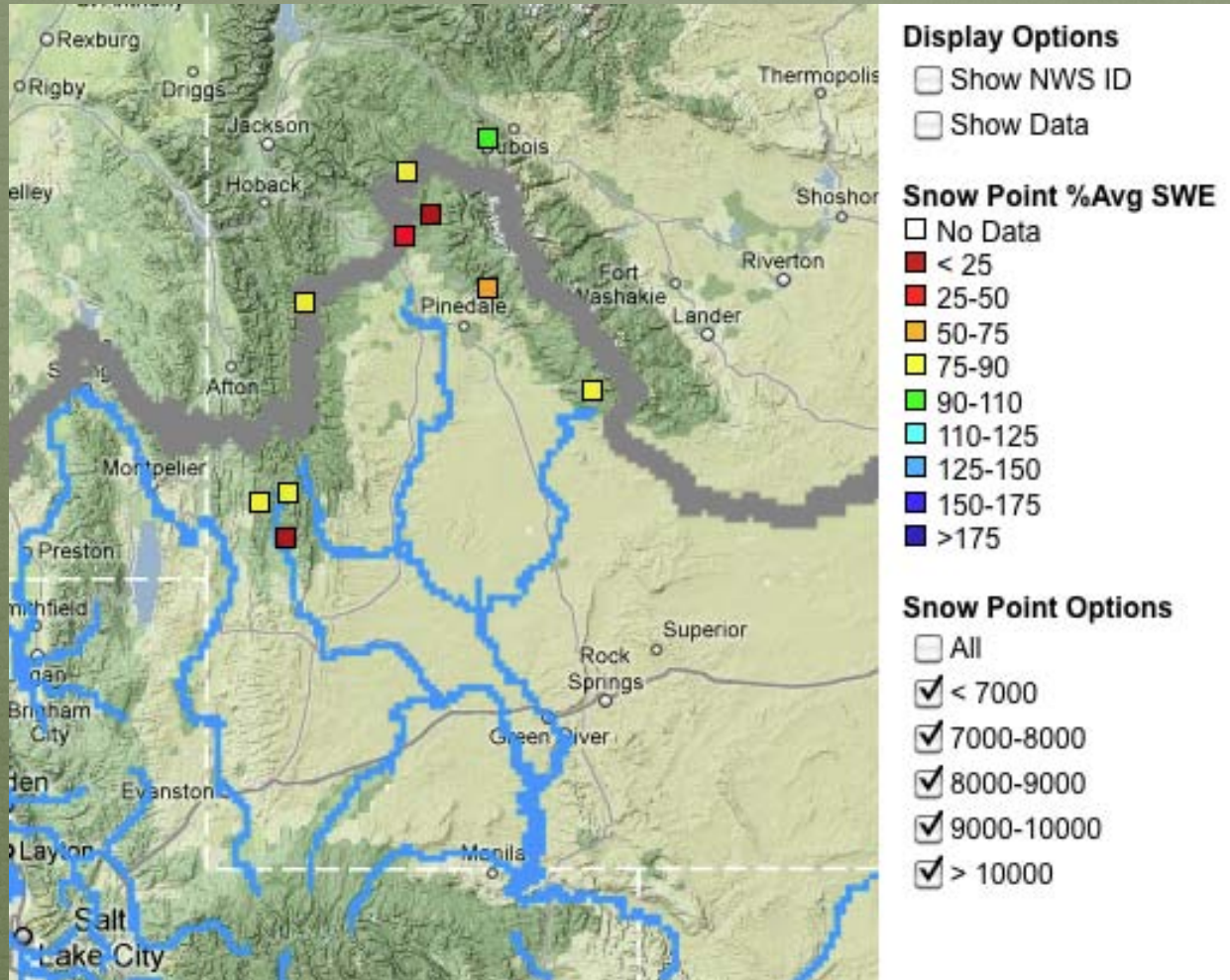
Colorado, Wyoming and Utah 6-Day Precipitation 3 - 8 May 2010



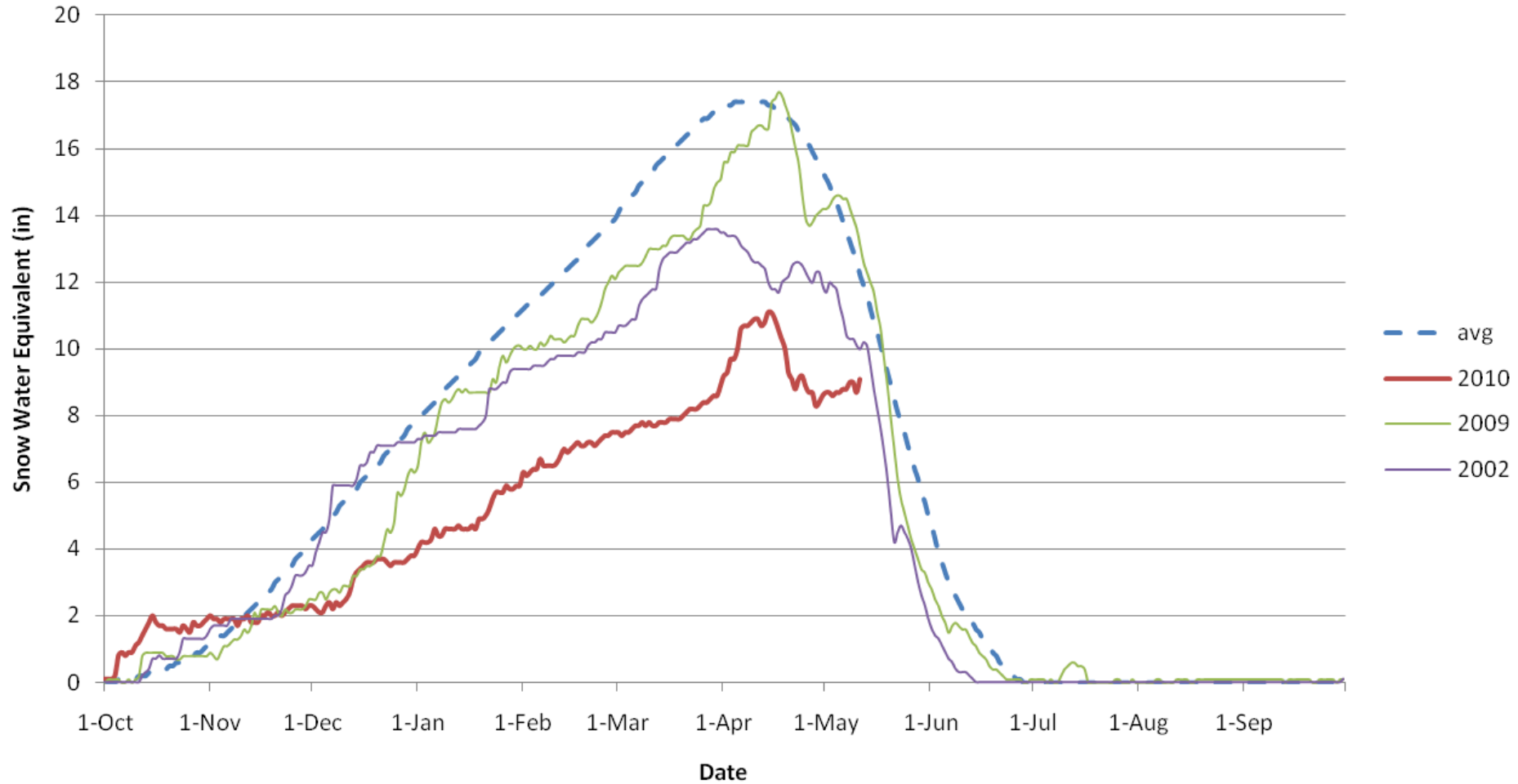
Upper Colorado River Basin



Green River Basin above Flaming Gorge



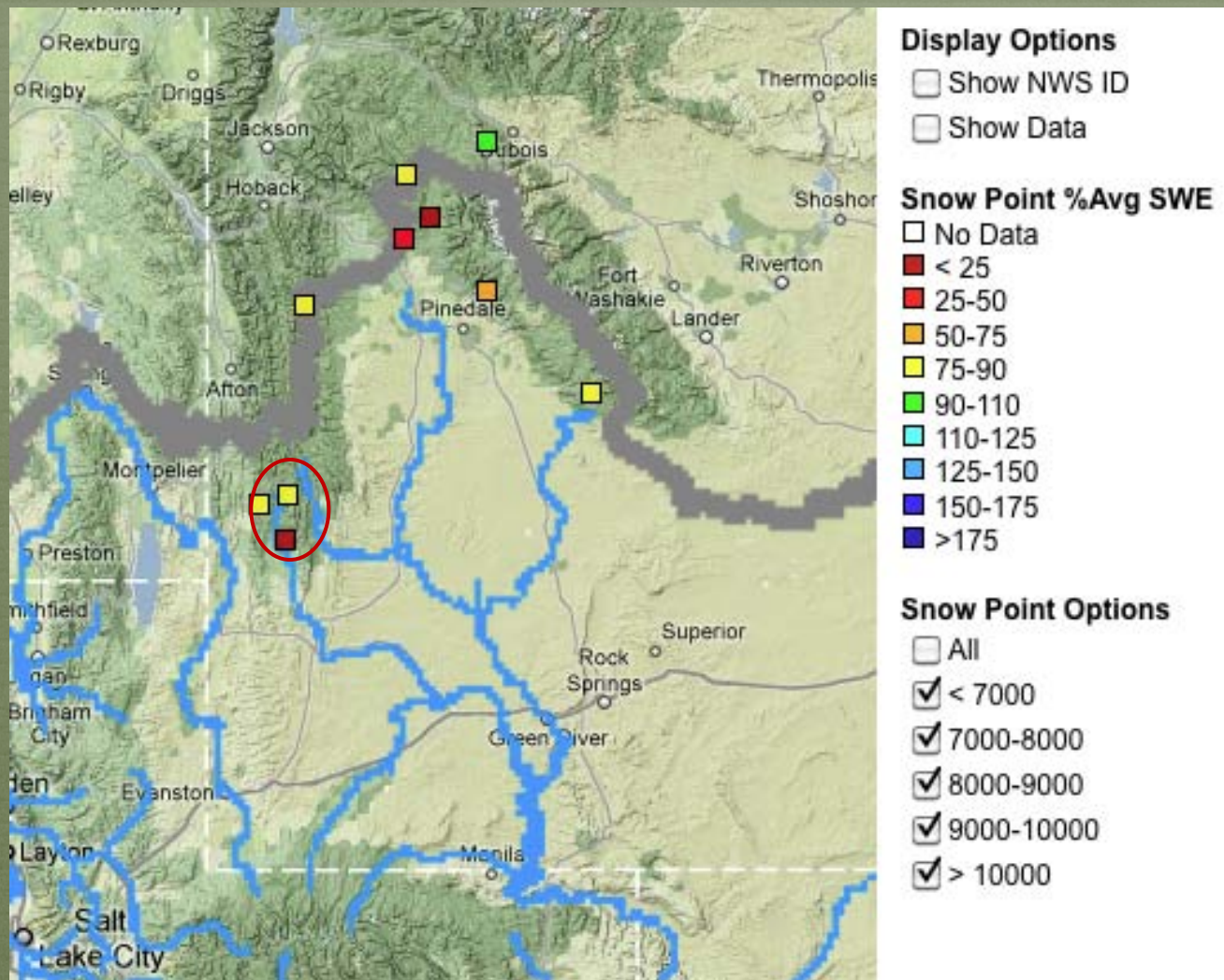
Green River Basin above Flaming Gorge



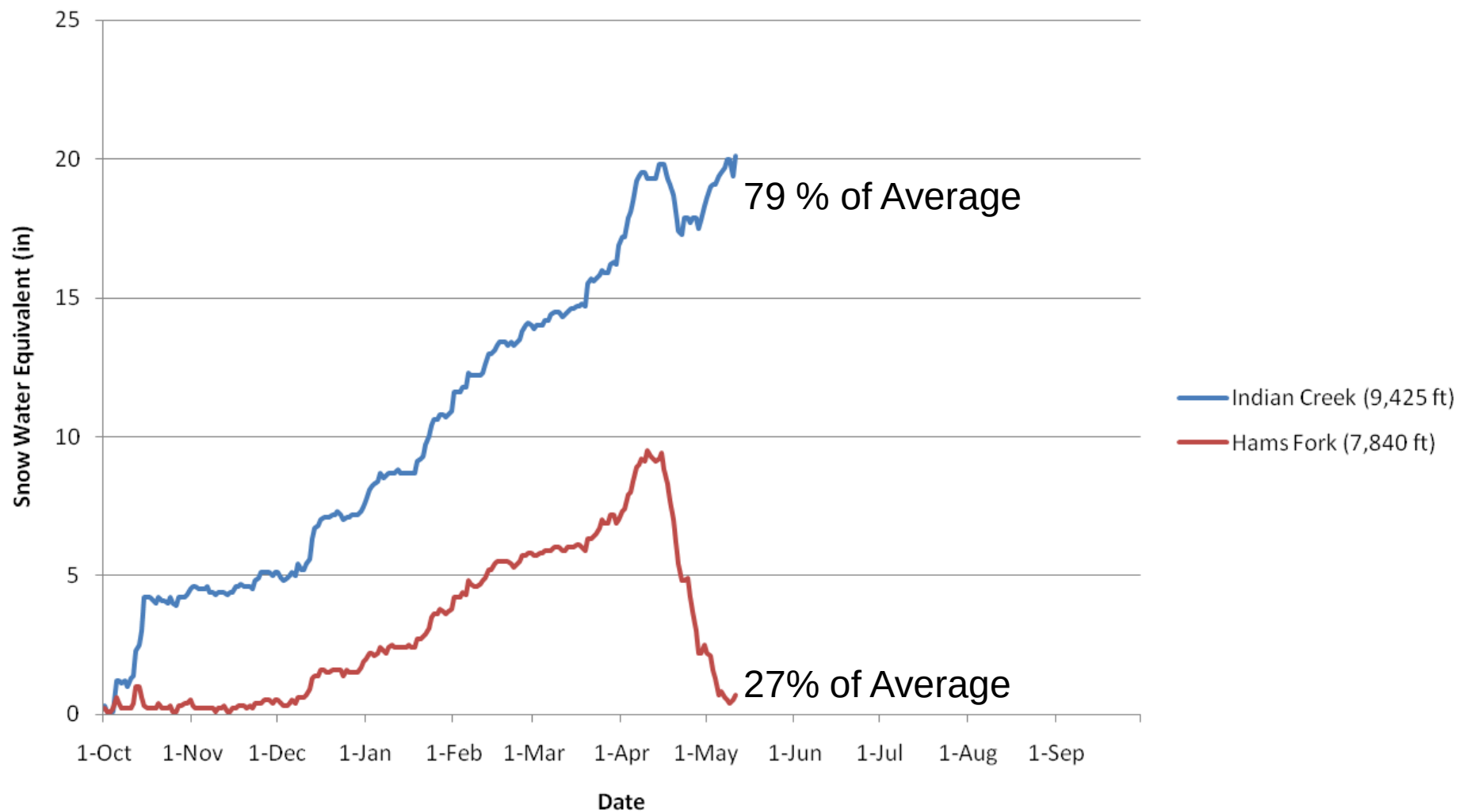
Basin Snowpack: 74%

Peak snowpack: 64% of average peak

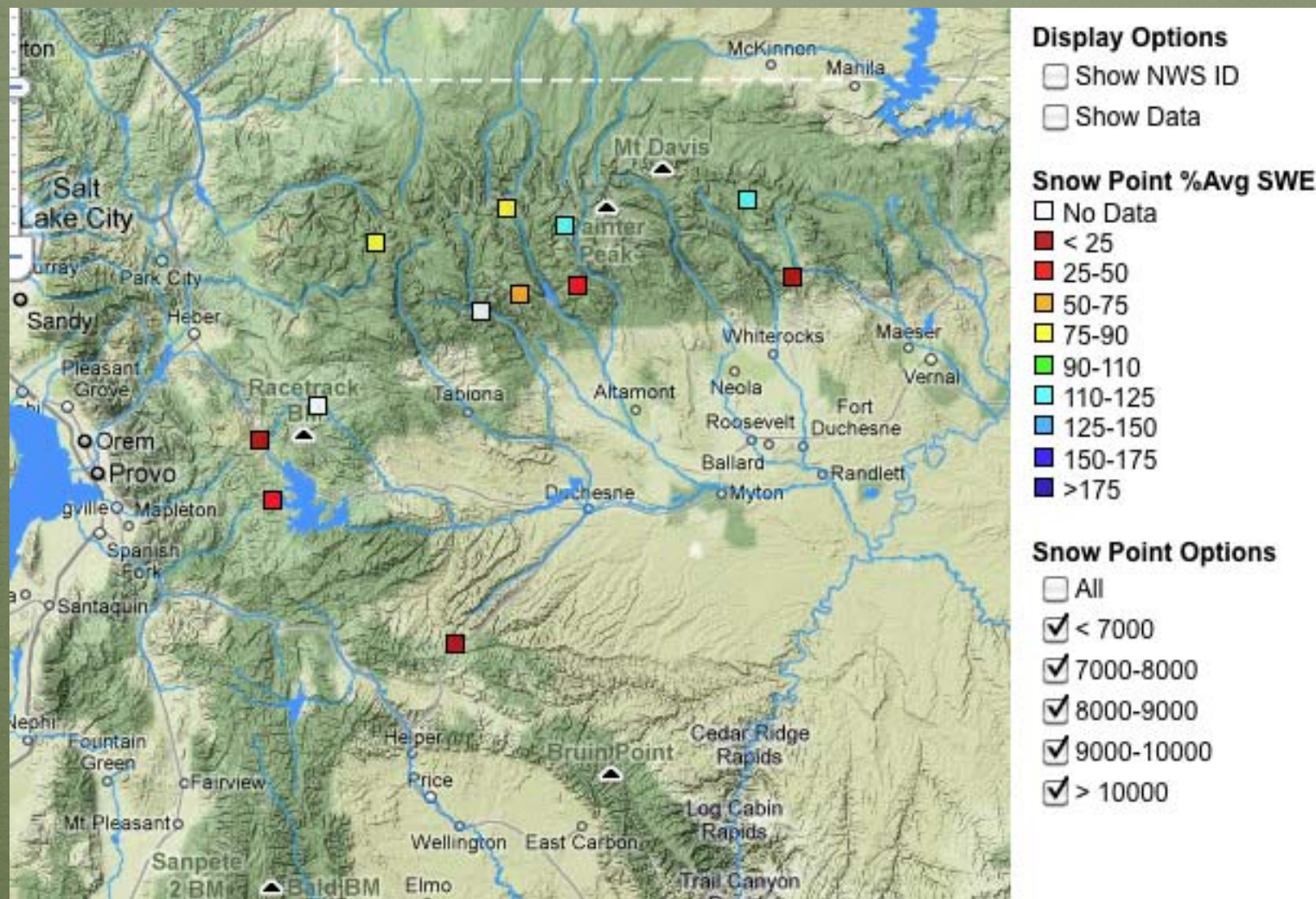
Indian Creek and Hams Fork



Indian Creek and Hams Fork



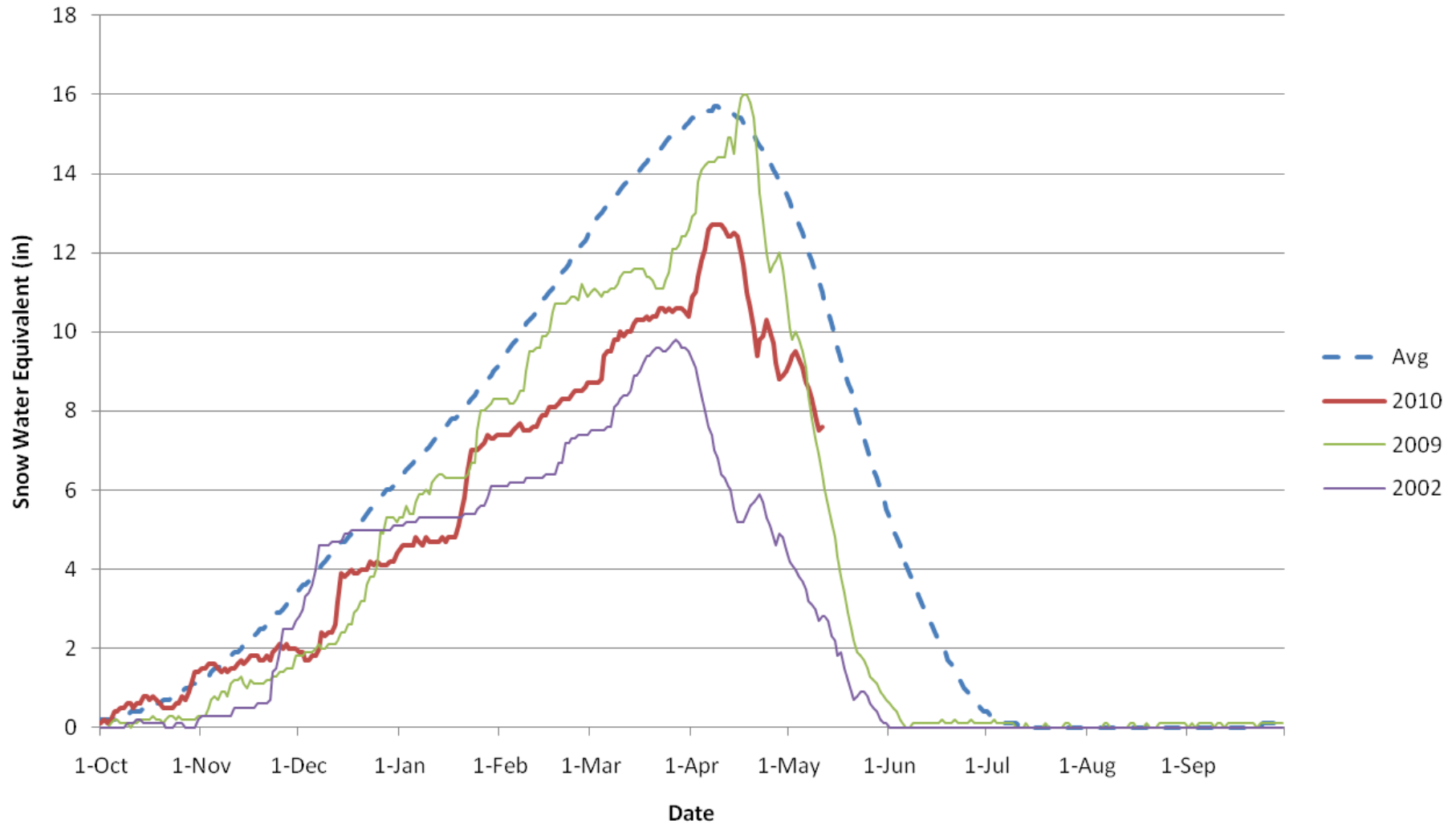
Duchesne River Basin



NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

Colorado Basin River Forecast Center

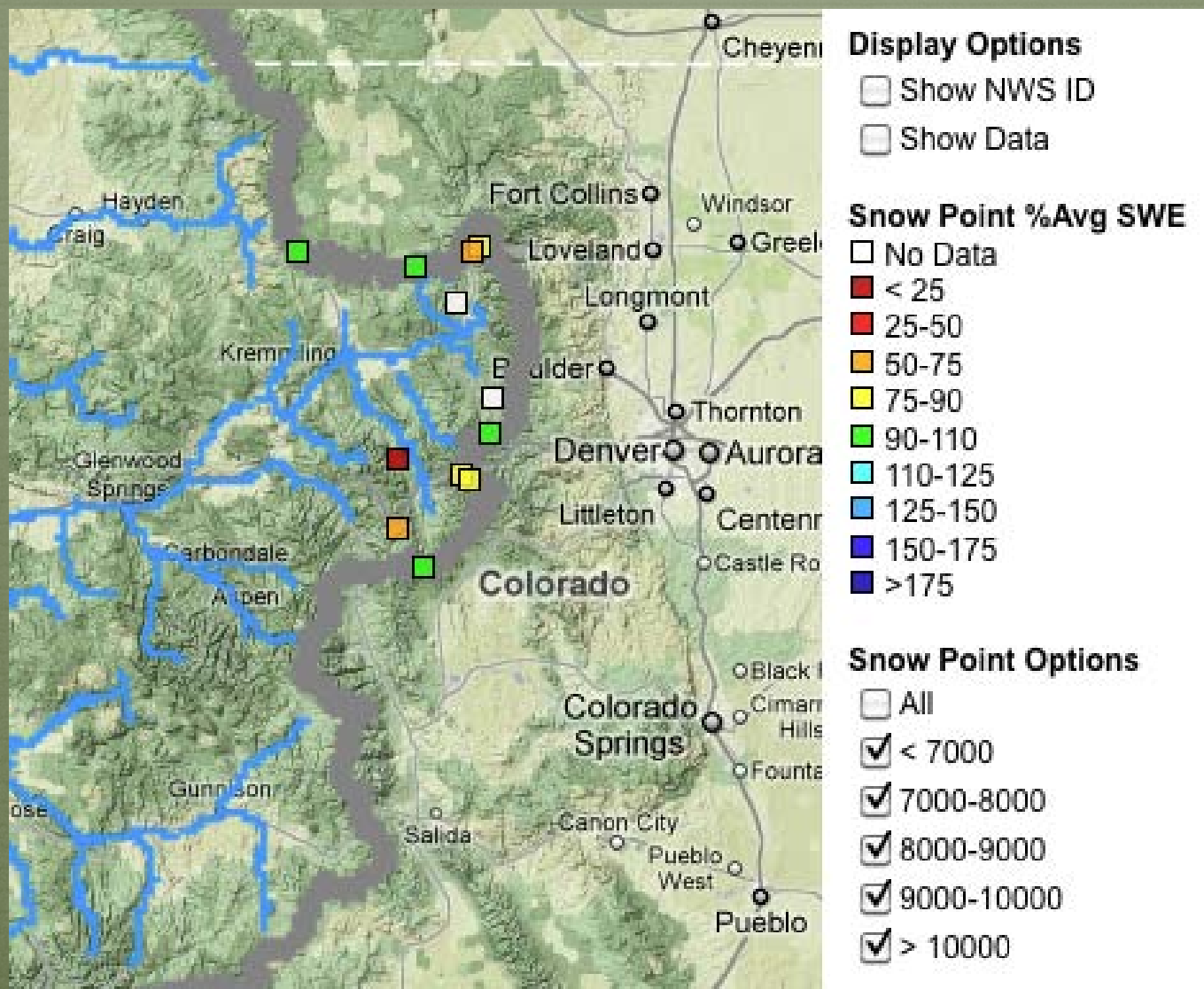
Duchesne River Basin



Basin snowpack: 69%

Peak snowpack: 81% of average peak

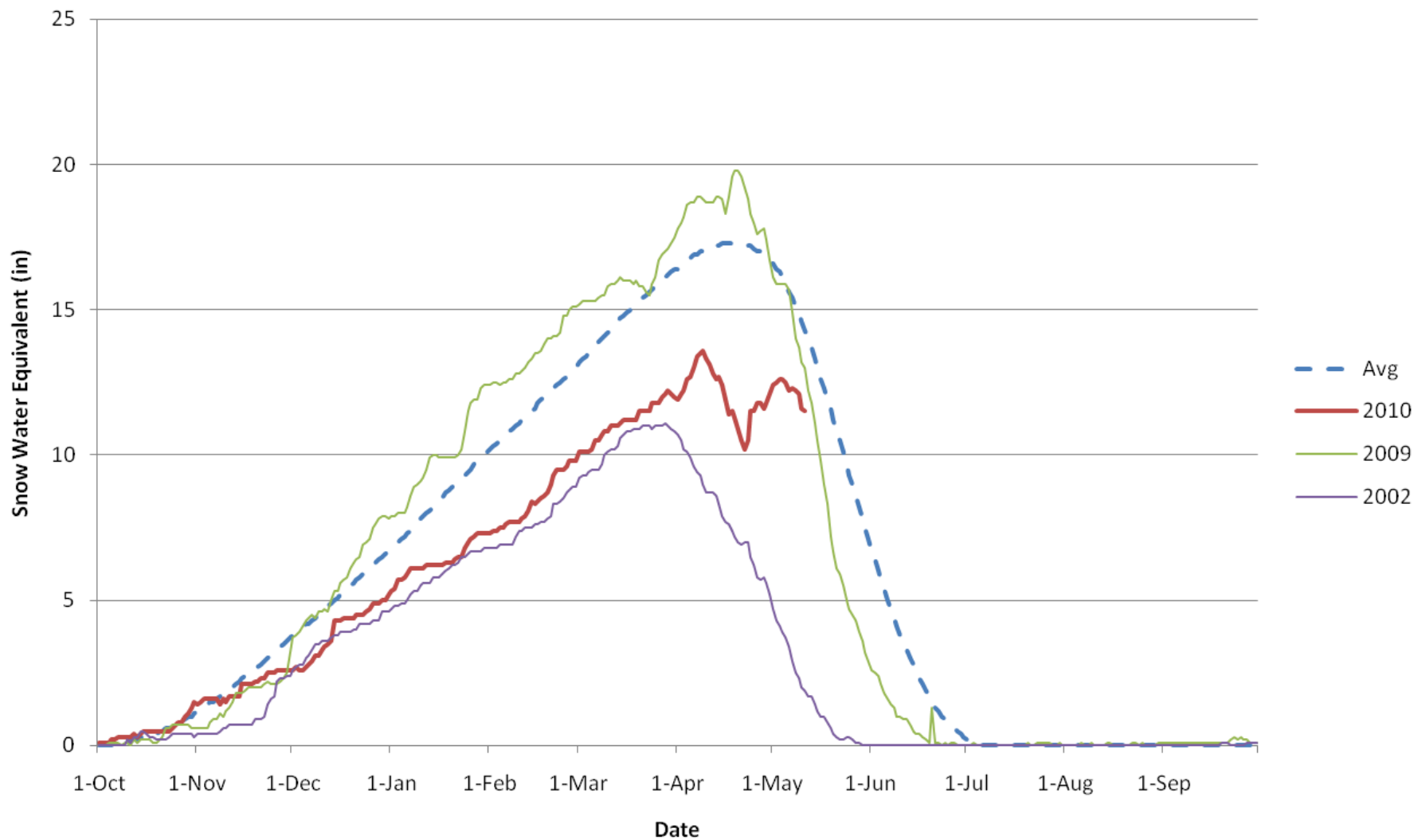
Upper Colorado above Kremmling



NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE

Colorado Basin River Forecast Center

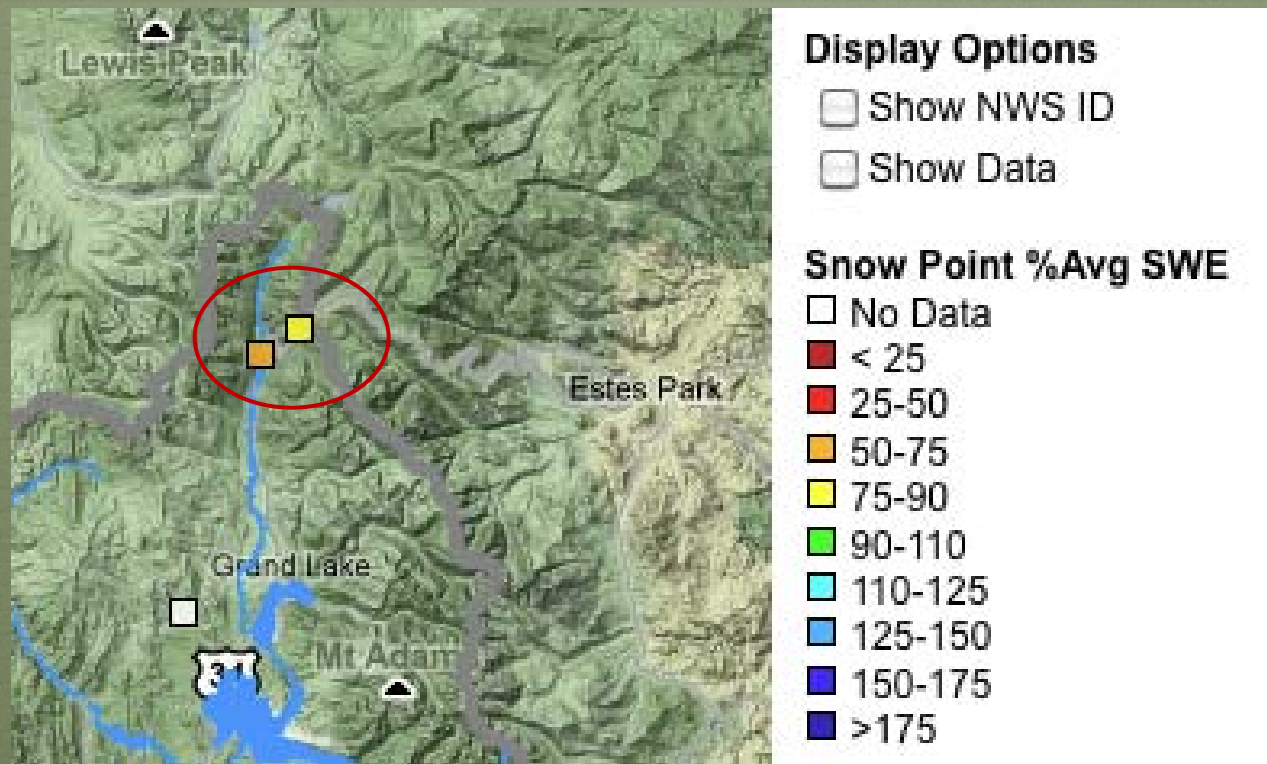
Colorado River above Kremmling



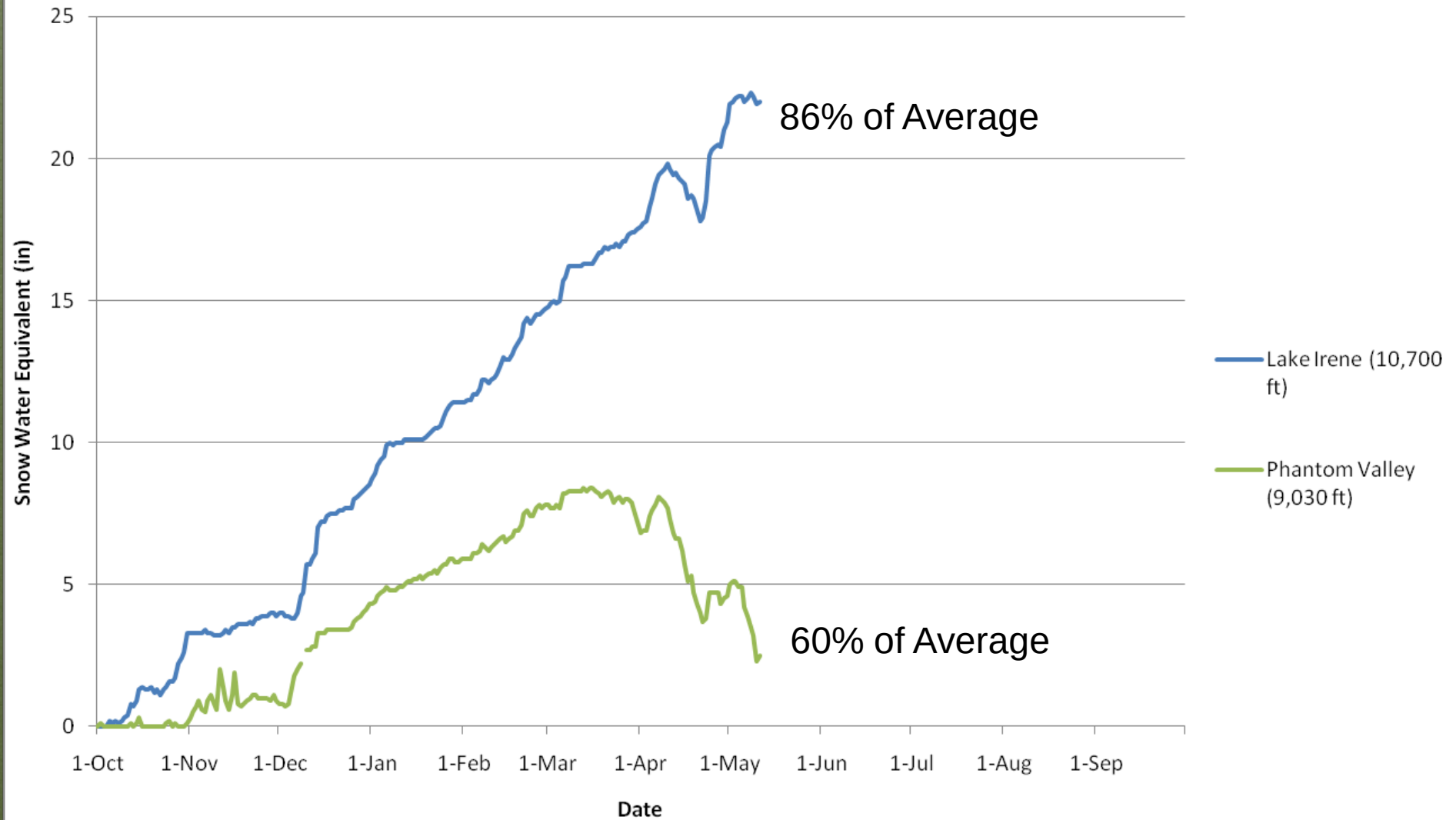
Basin Snowpack: 82%

Peak snowpack: 79% of average peak

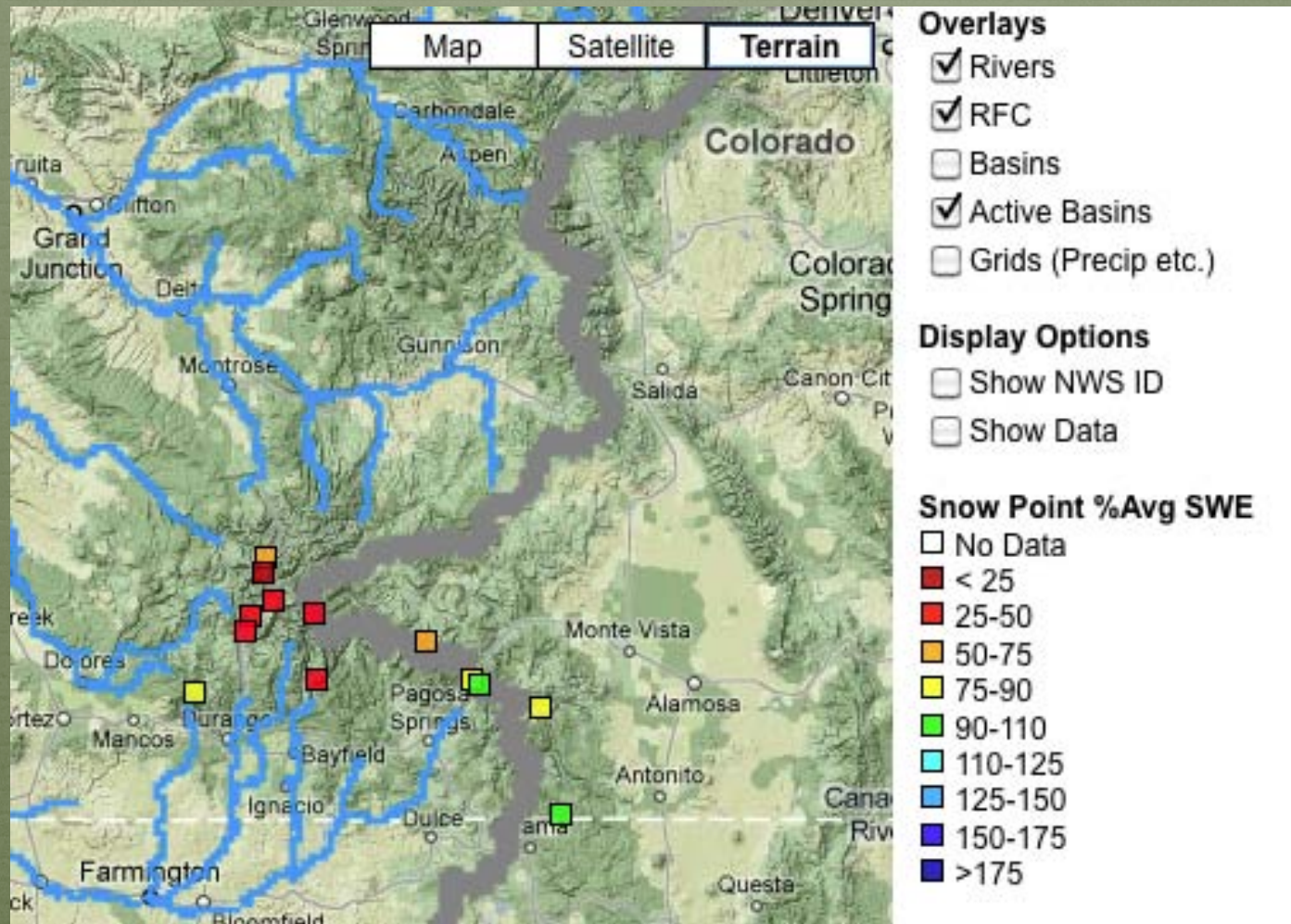
Lake Irene and Phantom Valley



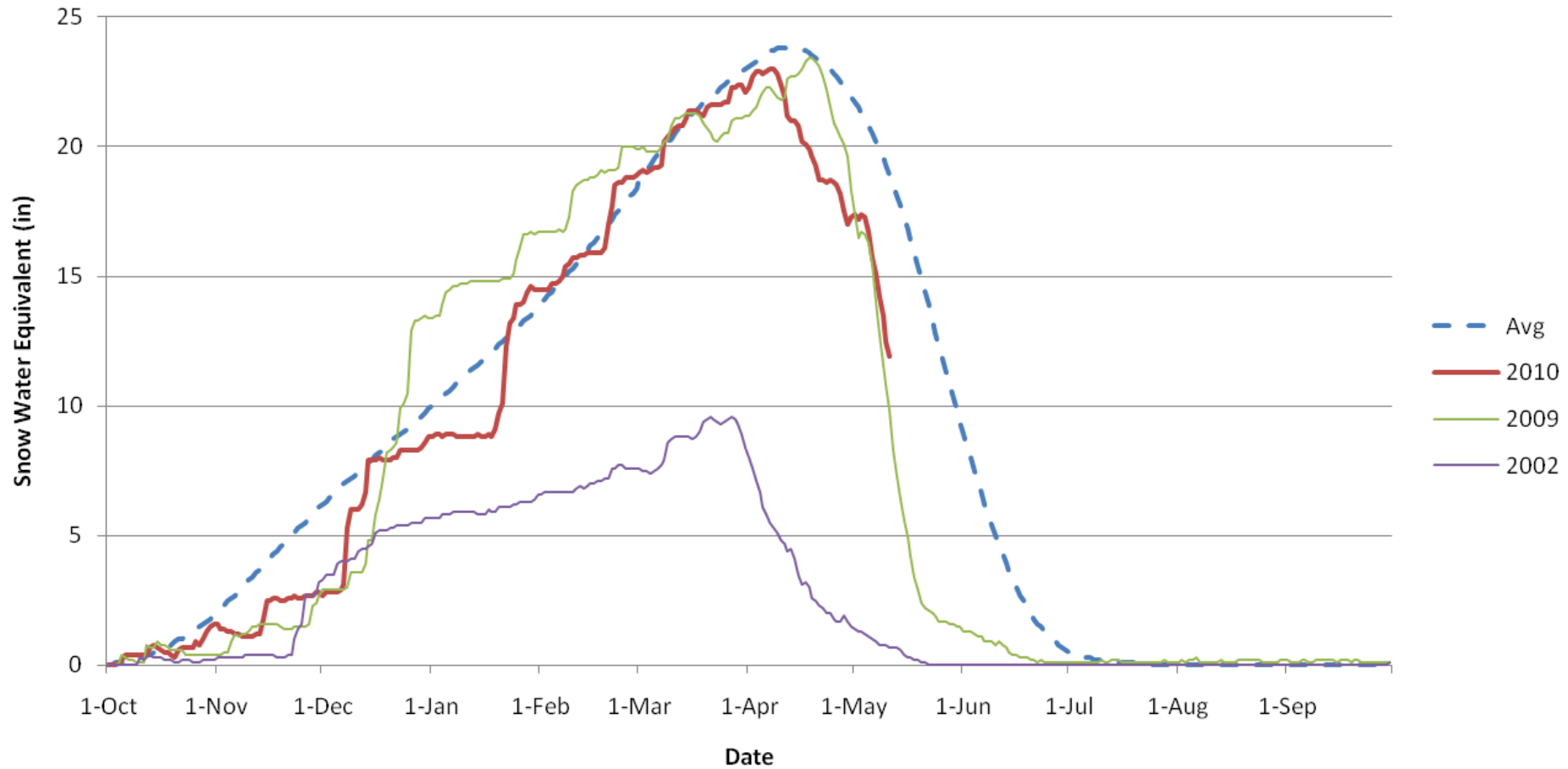
Lake Irene and Phantom Valley



San Juan Basin



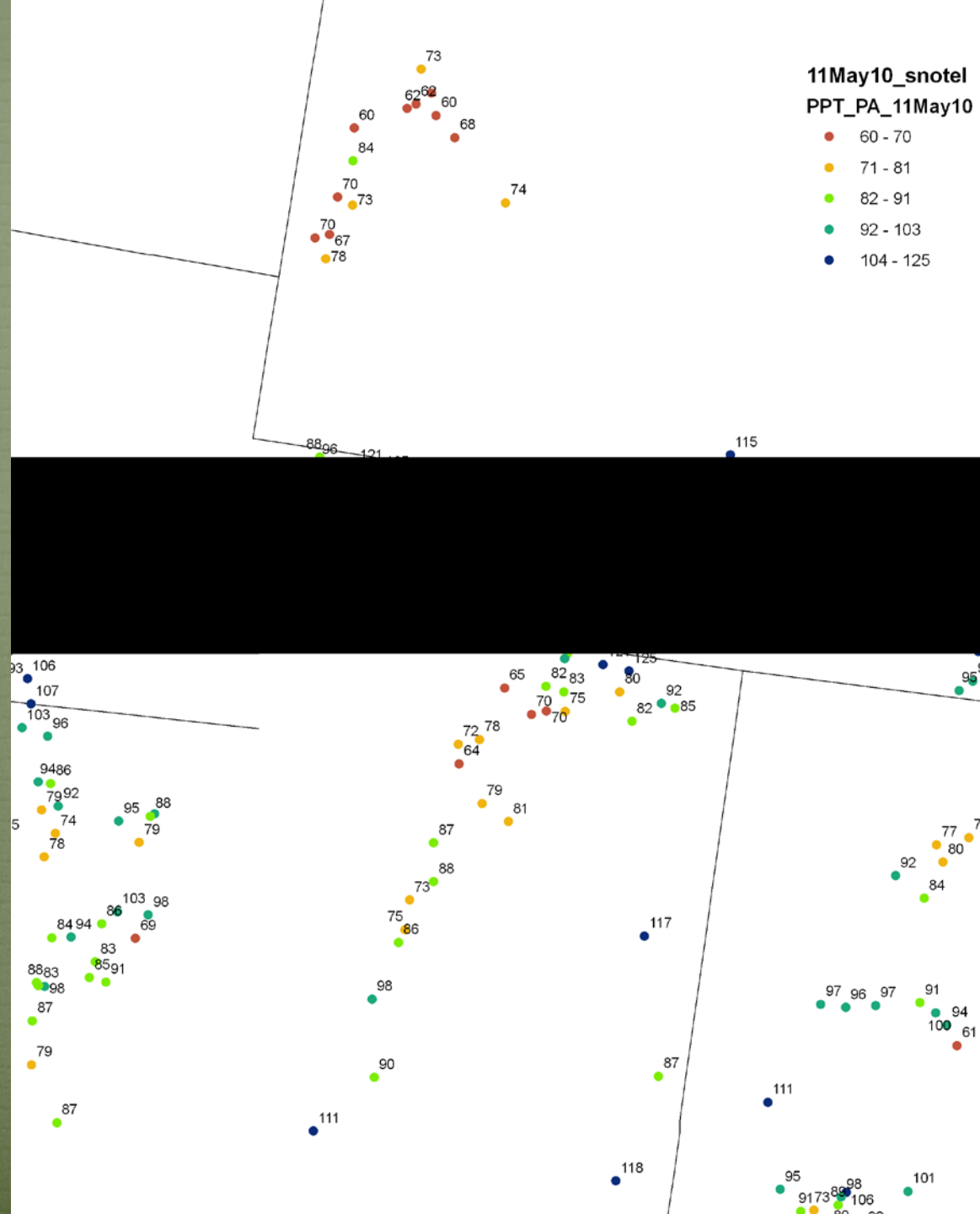
San Juan Basin



Basin Snowpack: 63%

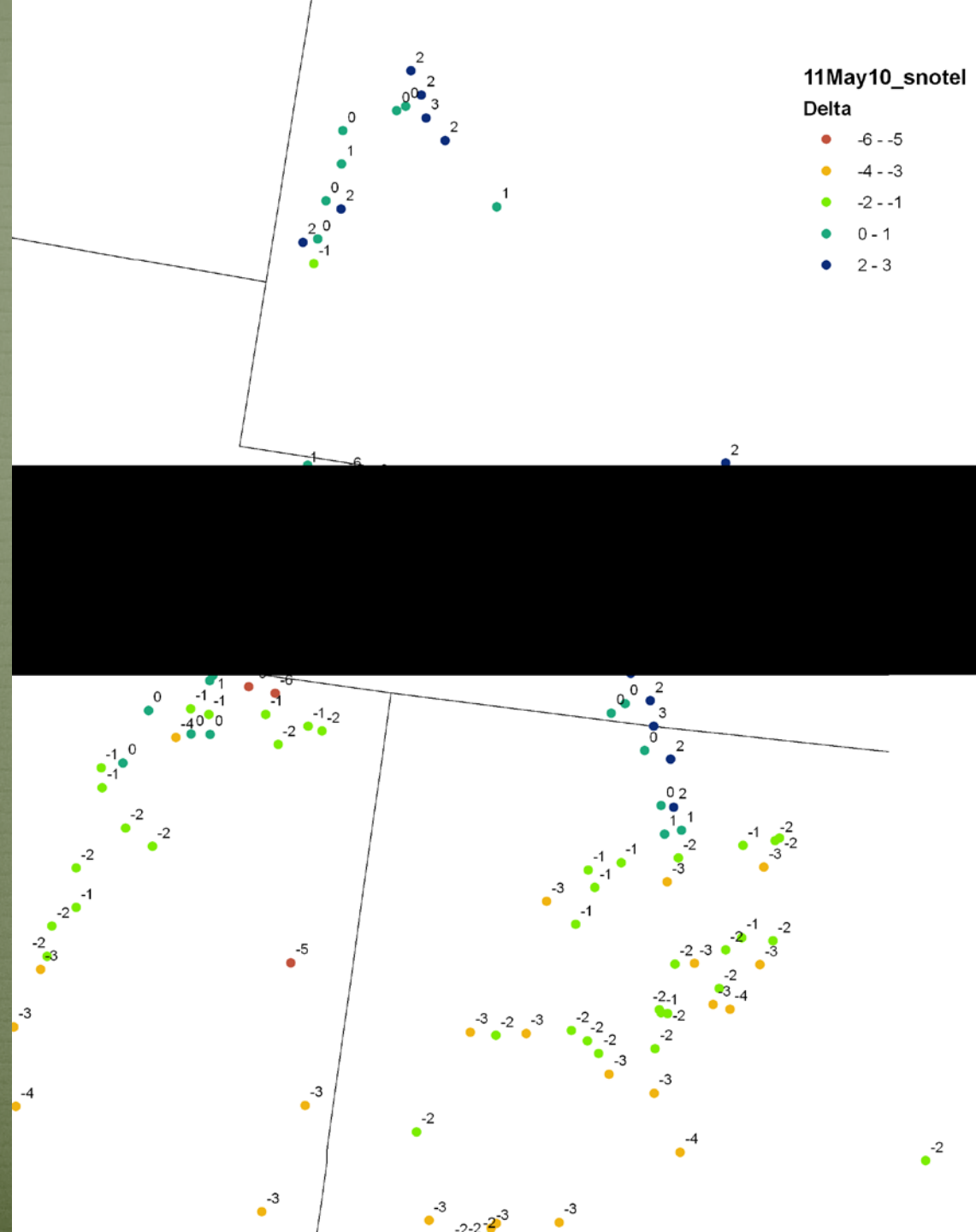
Peak snowpack: 97% of average peak

Snotel WYTD Precipitation as Percentage of Average

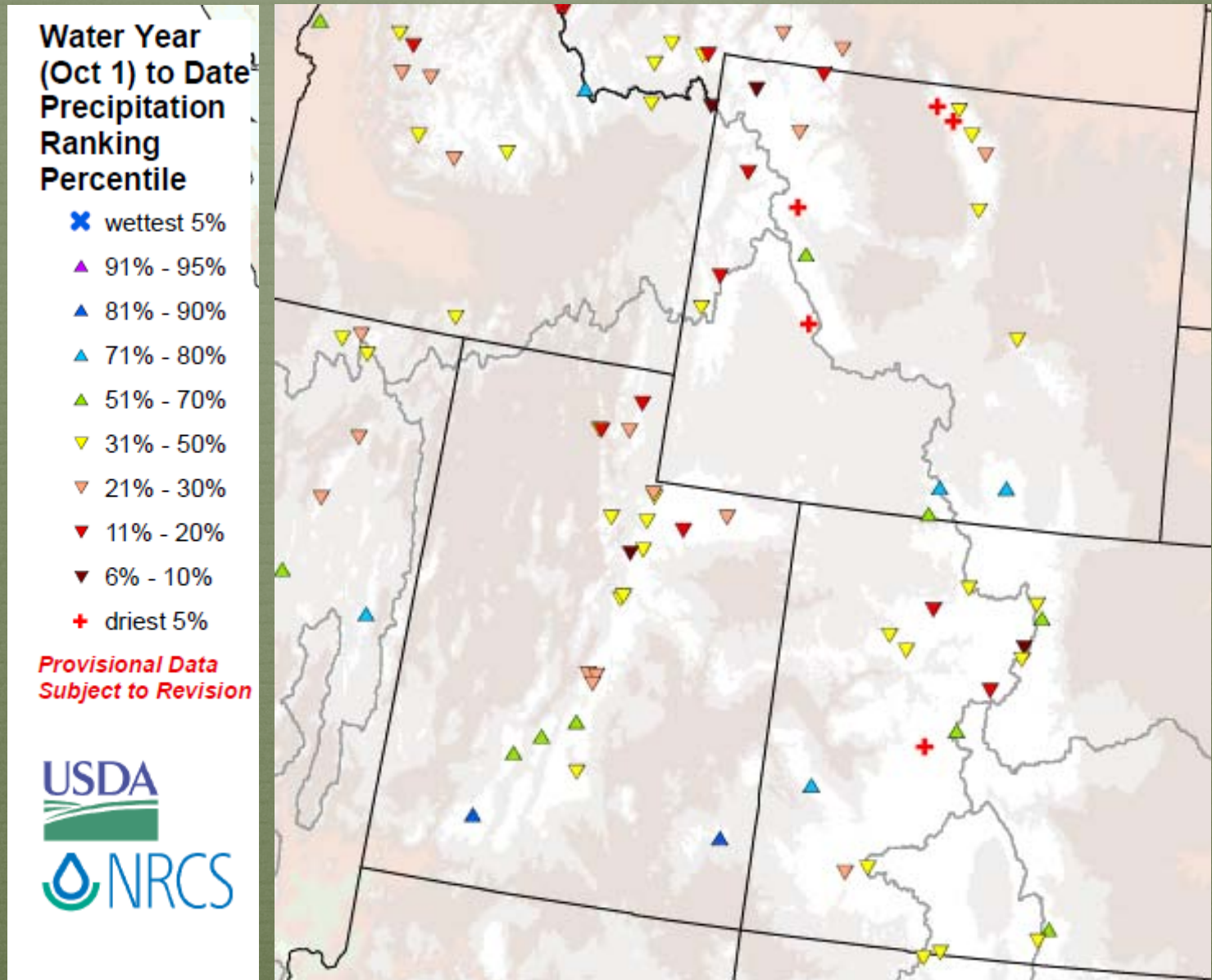


Upper Colorado 86%
of Average Overall

1 Week Change in Snotel WYTD Precipitation Percent of Average



Western Snotel Percentiles 11 May 2010

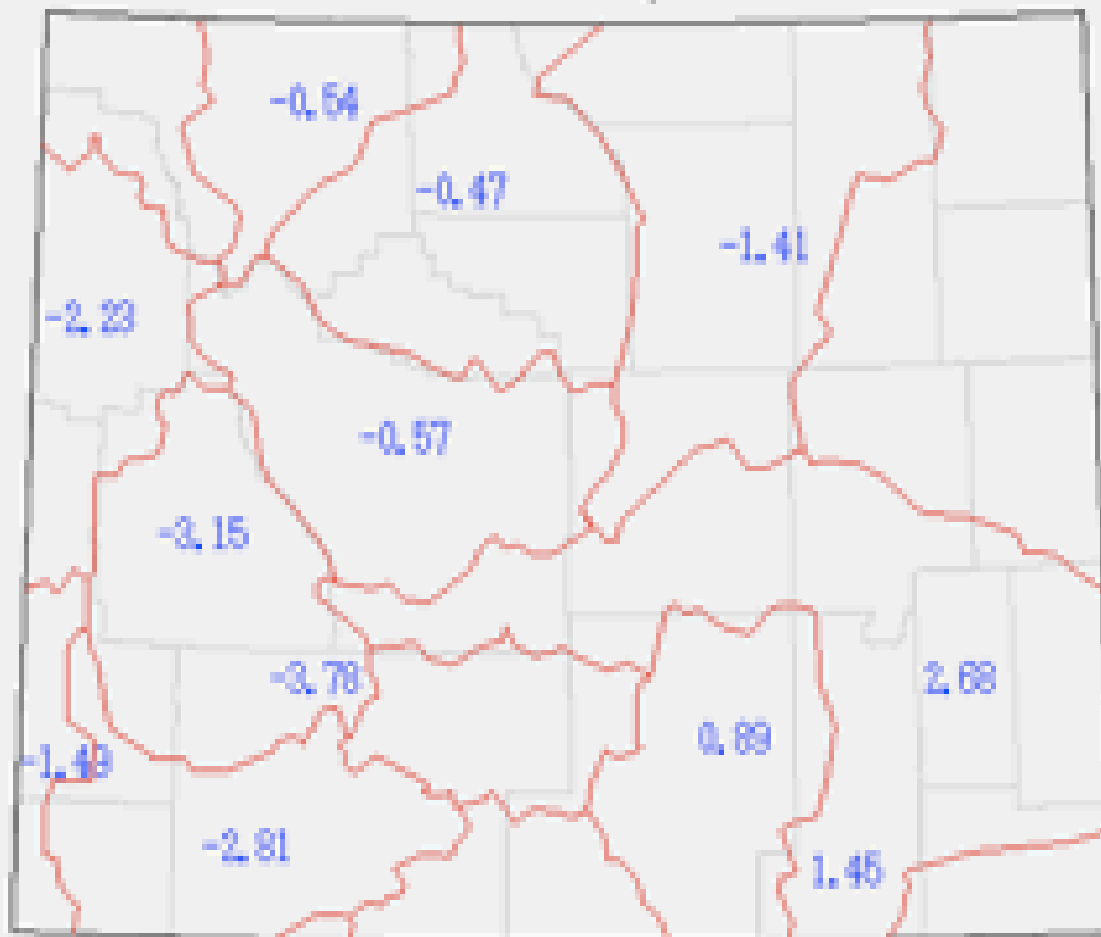


Wyoming Update



Wyoming SWSI

SWSI Values - May 2010



SWSI Classification System

- >4.0 Extremely Wet
- 3.0 Very Wet
- 2.0 Moderately Wet
- 1.0 Slightly Wet
- 0.5 Incipient Wet Spell
- 0.0 Near Normal
- 0.5 Incipient Dry Spell
- 1.0 Mild Drought
- 2.0 Moderate Drought
- 3.0 Severe Drought
- <-4.0 Extreme Drought

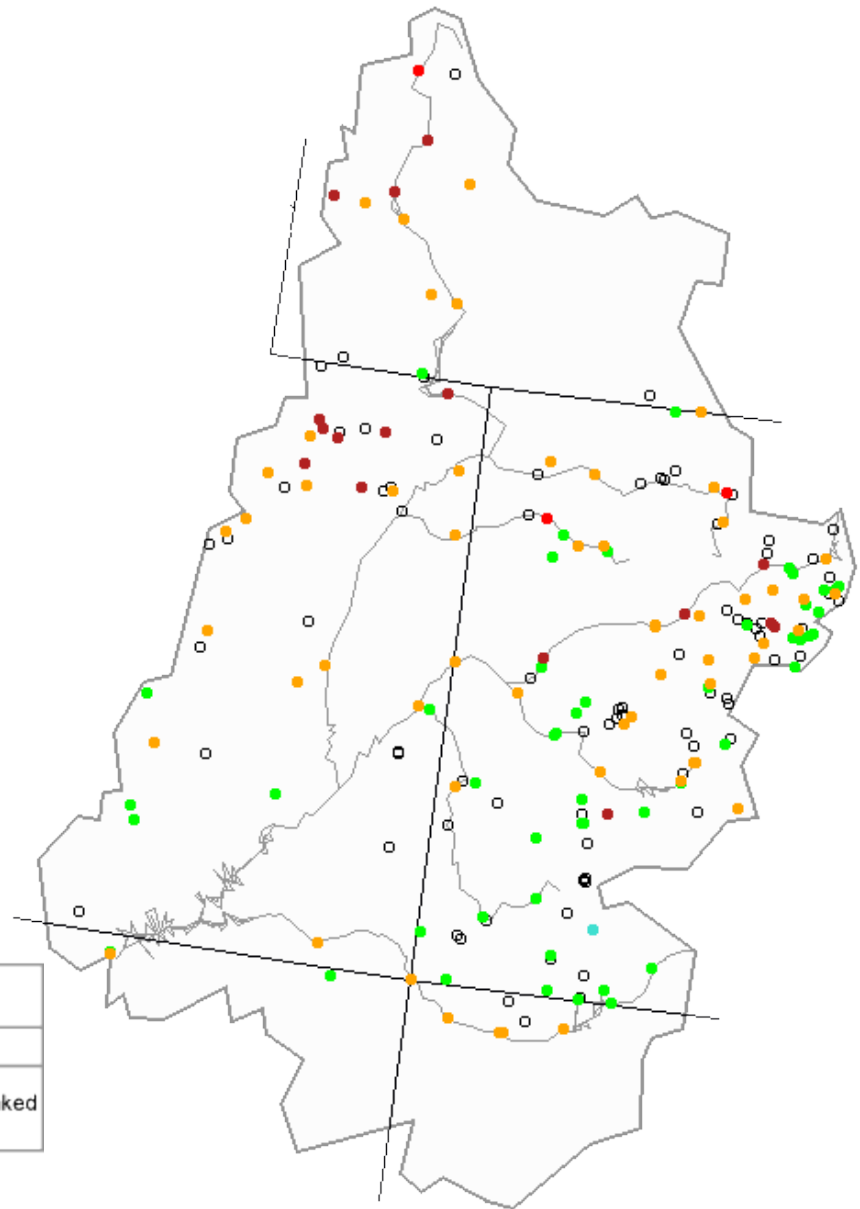
Streamflow Update

Michael E. Lewis – USGS

Kevin Werner - CBRFC

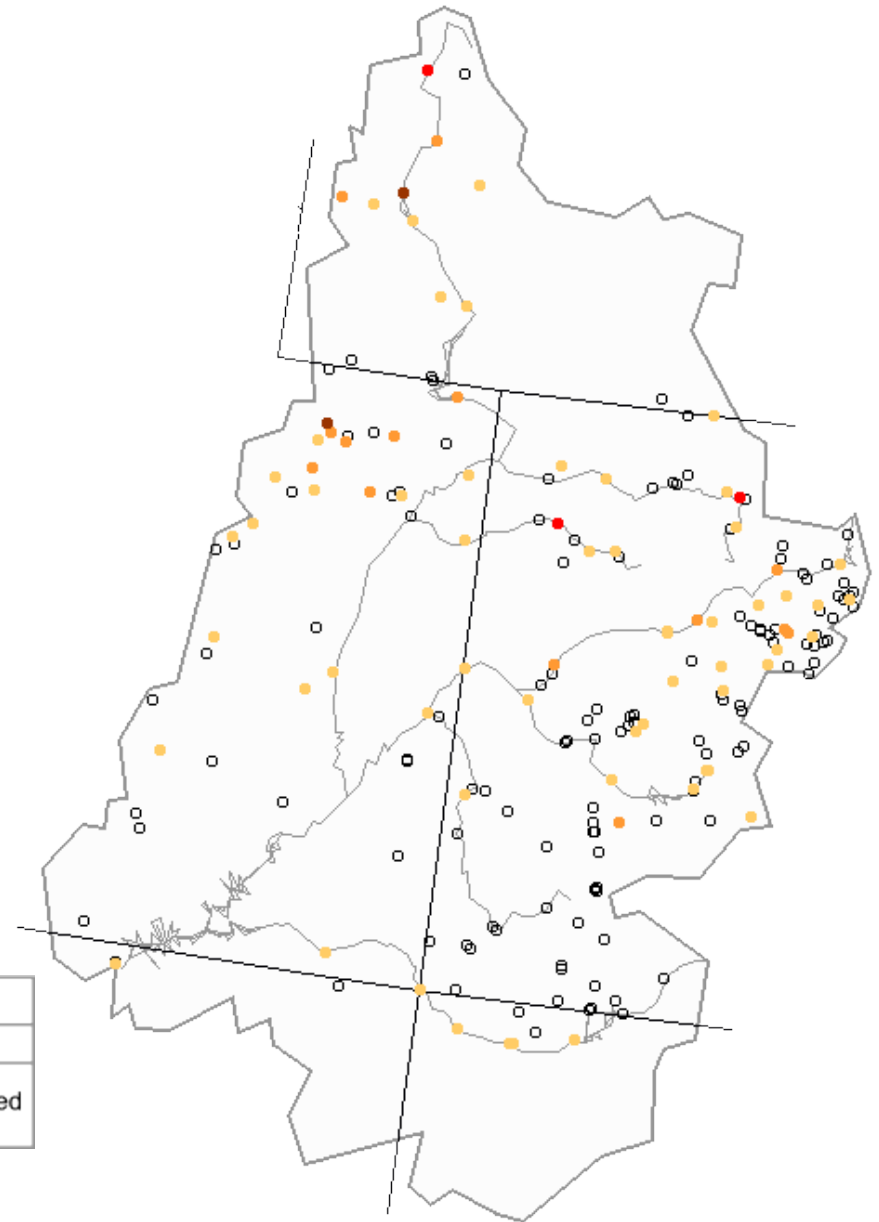


7-day average streamflow compared to historical streamflow for the day of the year (Upper Colorado)



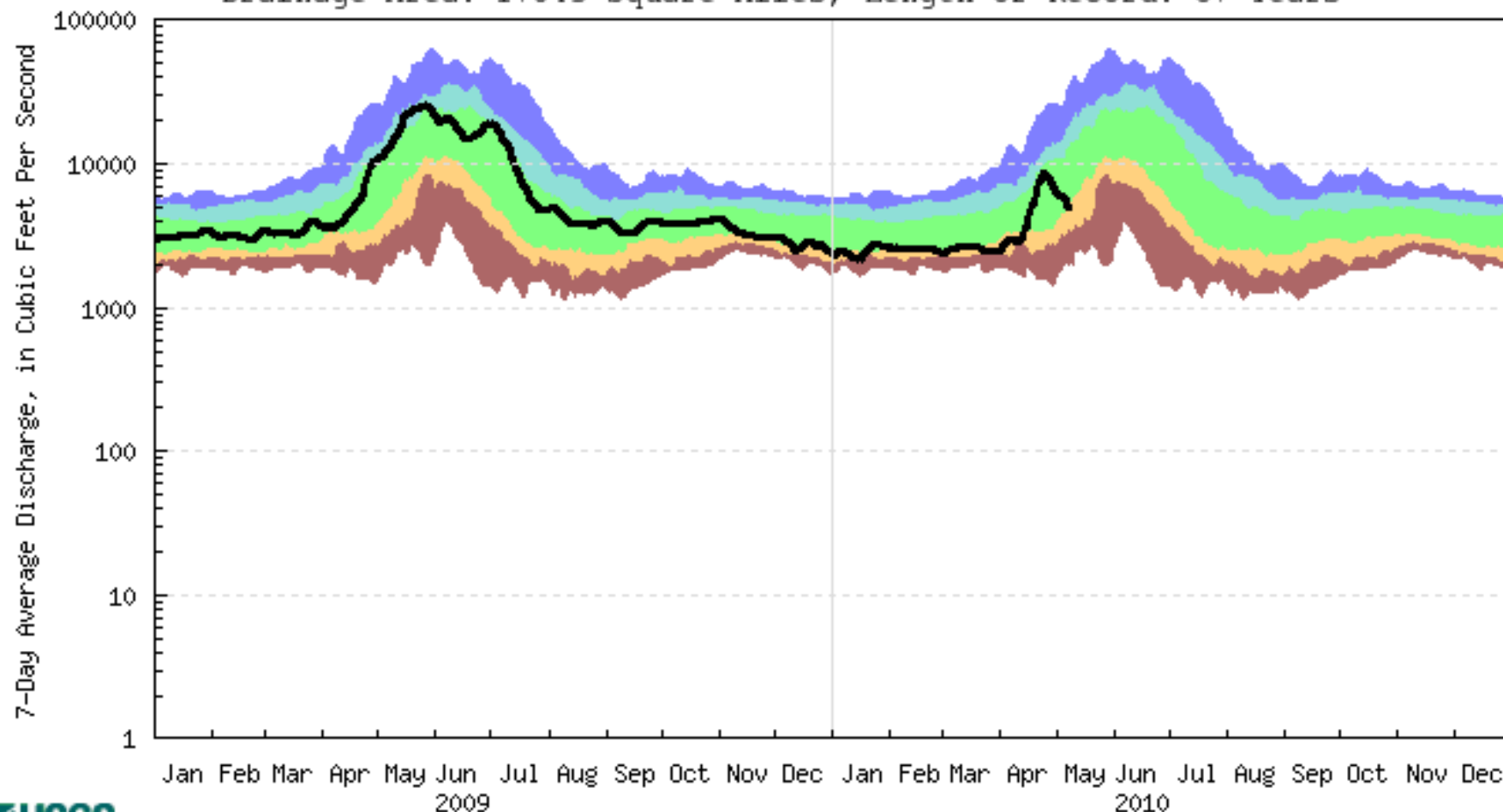
Explanation - Percentile classes							
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High	Not-ranked
	Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal		

Below normal 7-day average streamflow compared to historical streamflow for the day of the year (Upper Colorado)



Explanation - Percentile classes				
				
New low	<=5	6-9	10-24	Not ranked
Extreme hydrologic drought	Severe hydrologic drought	Moderate hydrologic drought	Below normal	

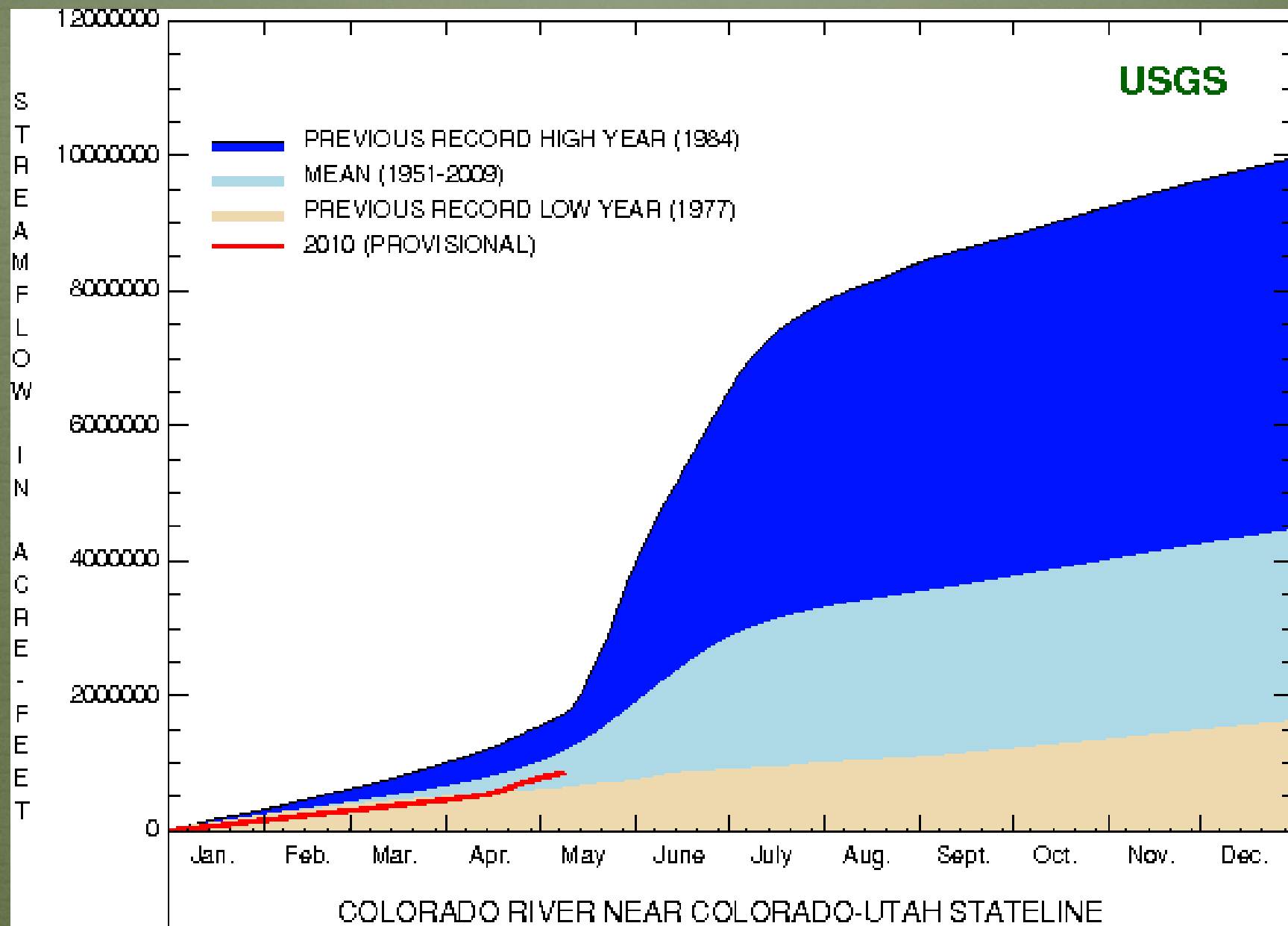
USGS 09163500 COLORADO RIVER NEAR COLORADO-UTAH STATE LINE
 Drainage Area: 17843 Square Miles, Length of Record: 57 Years



Last updated: 2010-05-11

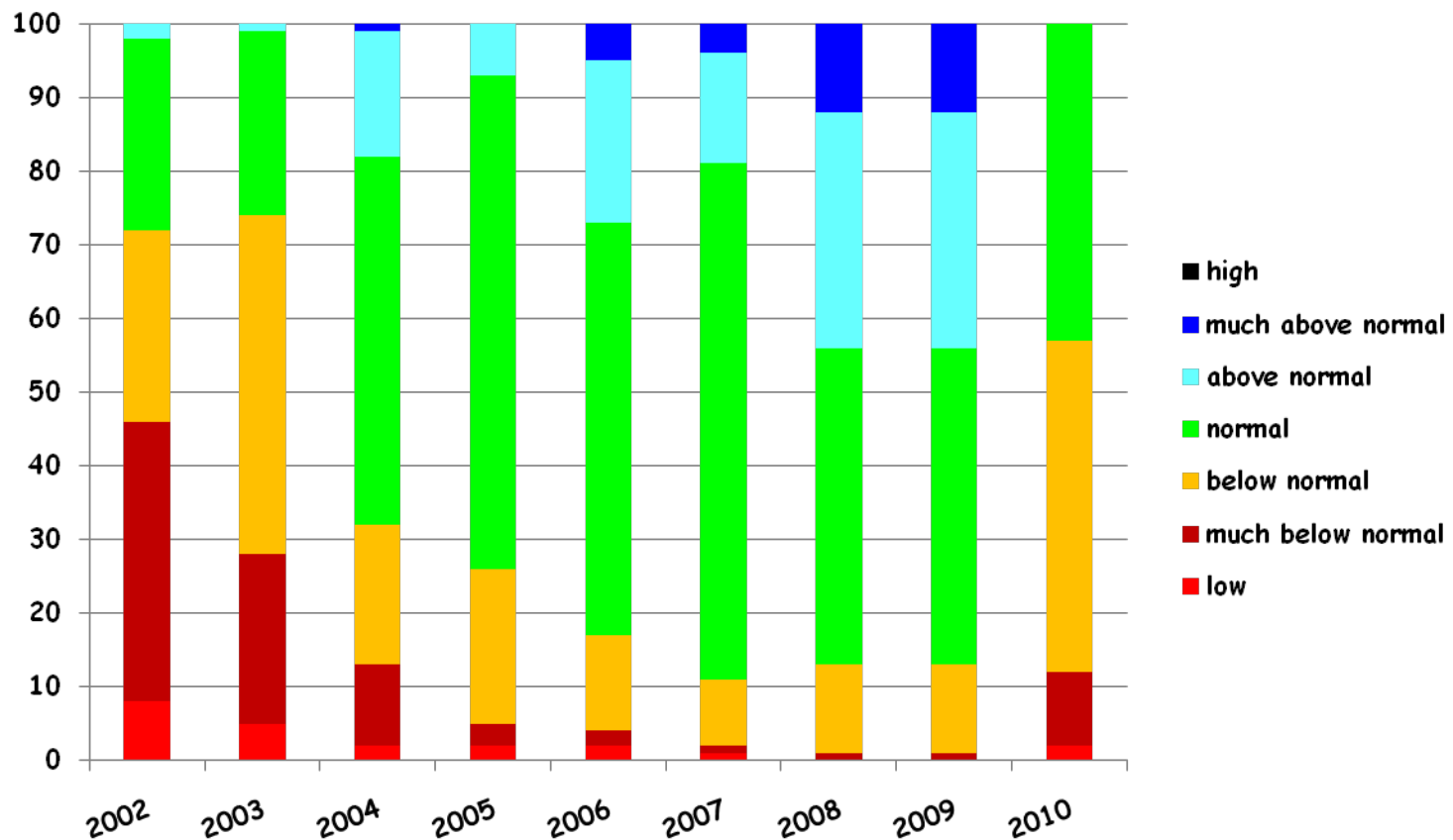
Explanation - Percentile classes					Flow
lowest-10th percentile	10-24	25-75	76-90	90th percentile-highest	
Much below normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much above normal	

USGS



May 9

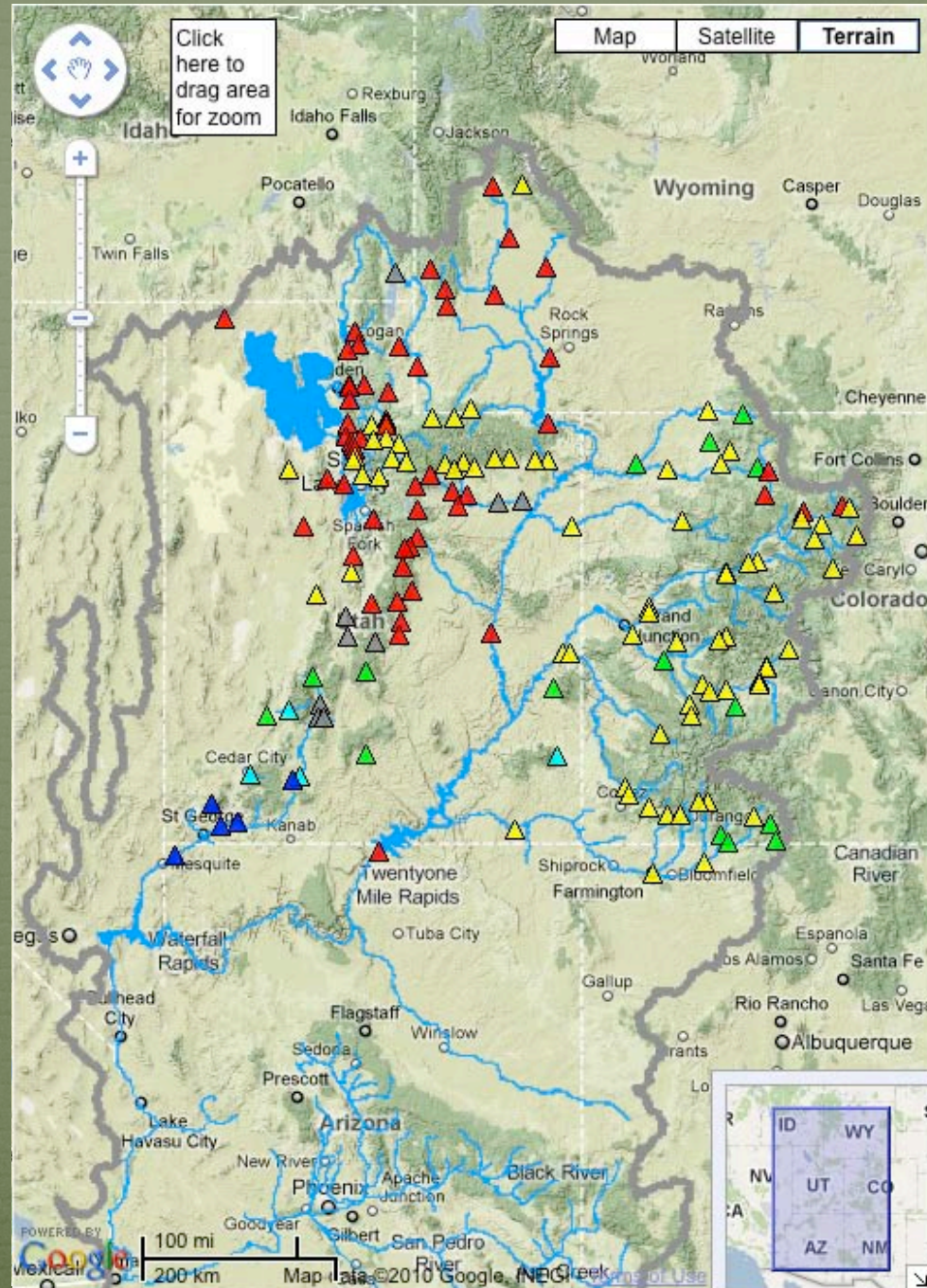
Percentage of Streamgages per Percentile Class 7-day Average Streamflow

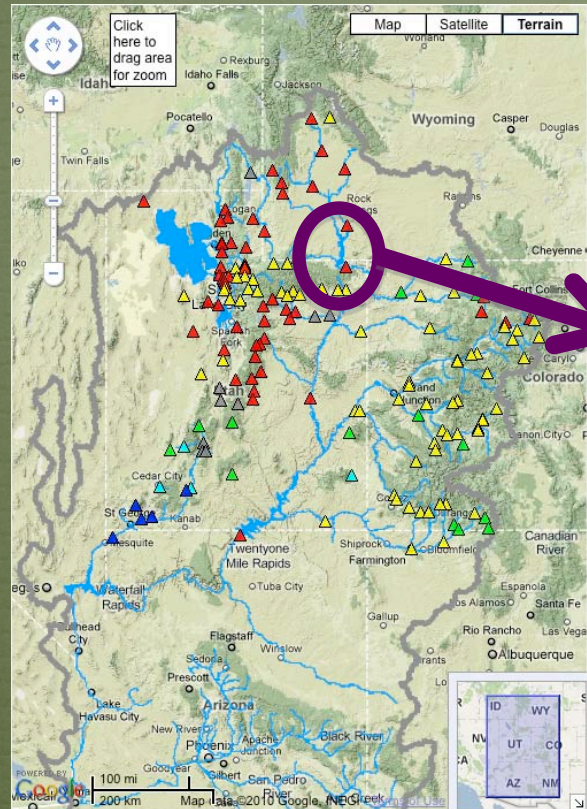


May 1, 2010 Water Supply Forecasts

Highlights:

- Some improvement particularly in northern Great Basin, parts of Green and upper Colorado
- Improvements on the order of 5-10% from April storm activity
- Gunnison, San Juan, and southern Great Basin essentially unchanged from April

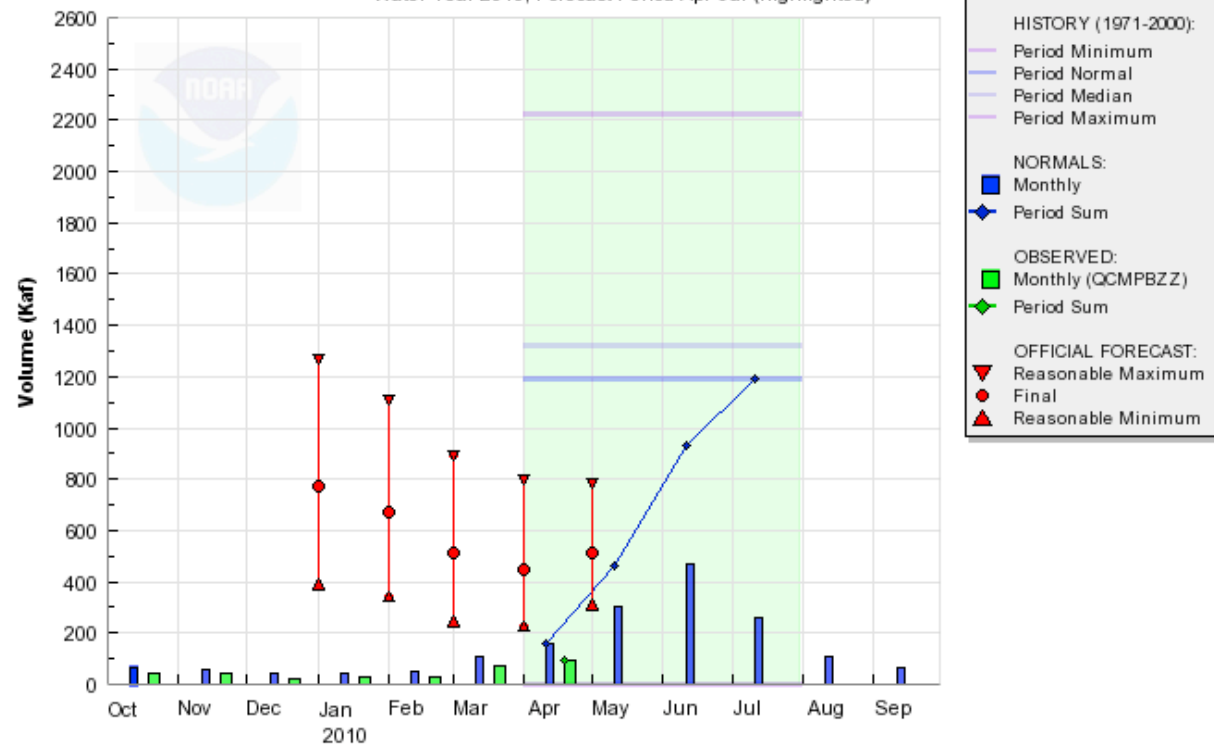


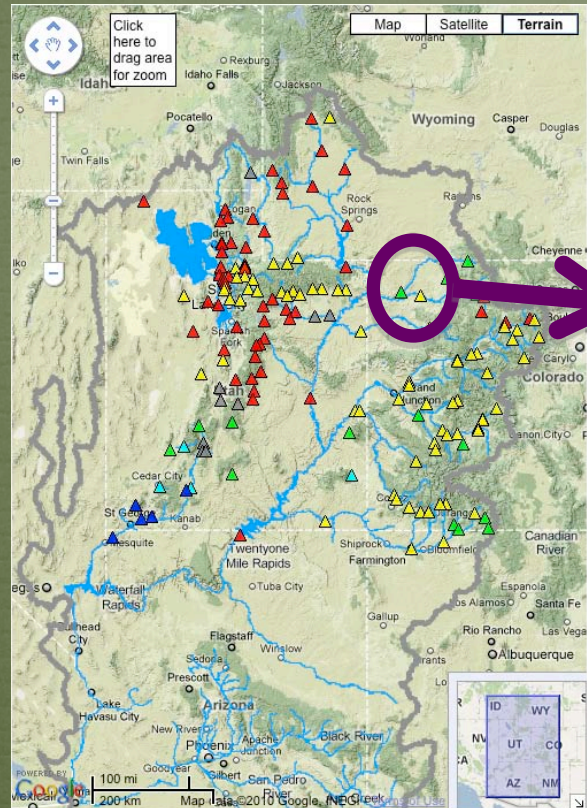


May 01 2010 Forecast: 515 kaf (43% of normal)
Range: 310-785 kaf (26 - 66% of normal)

GREEN - FLAMING GORGE RES, FLAMING GORGE DAM, AT (GBN111)

Water Year 2010, Forecast Period Apr-Jul (highlighted)

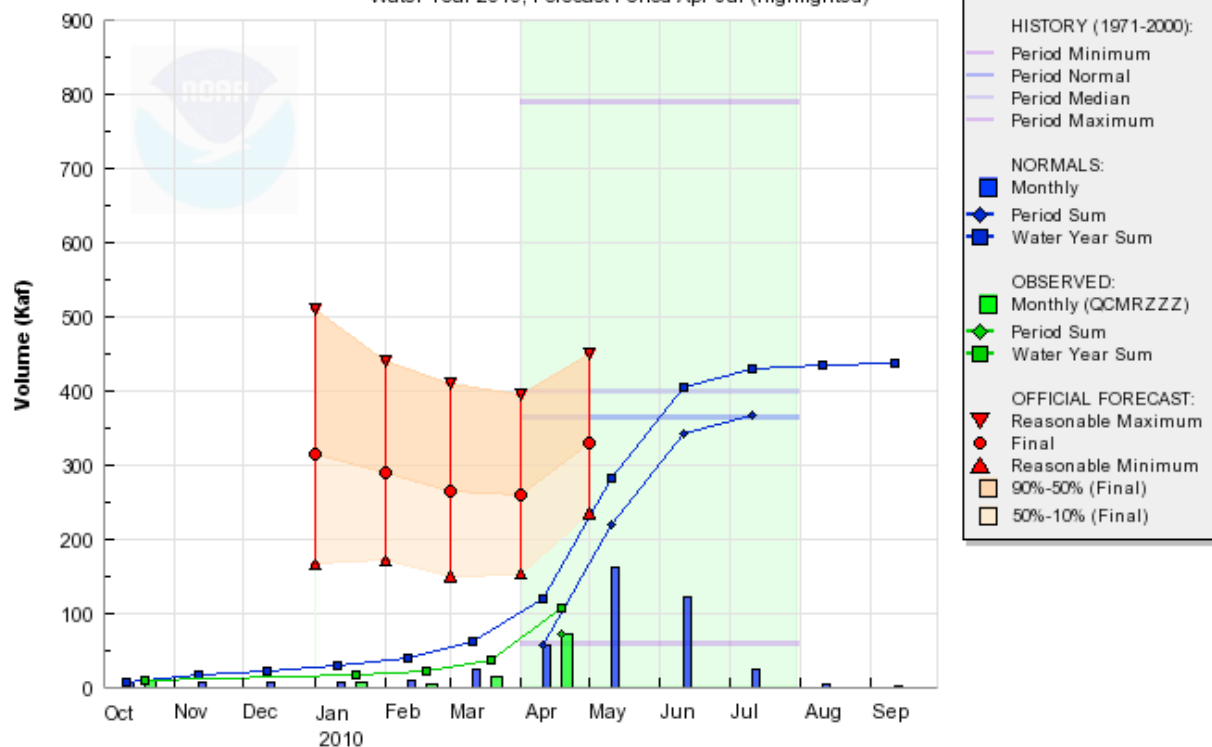


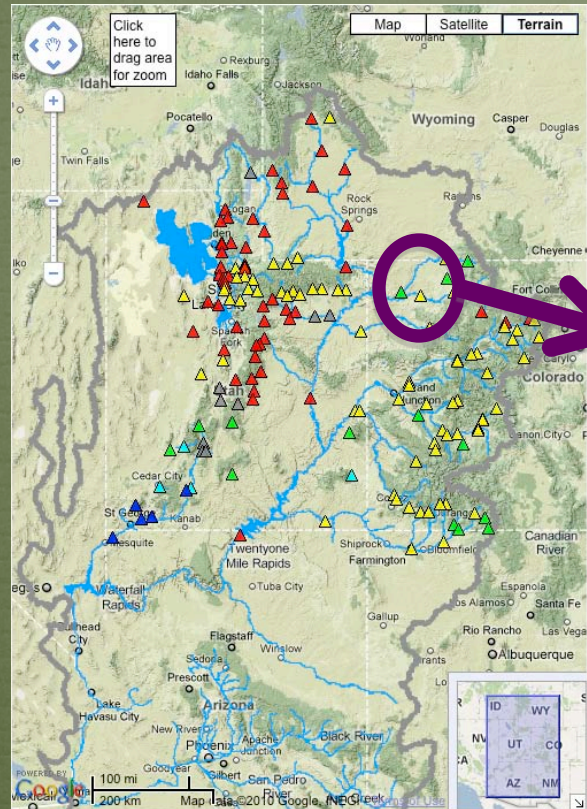


May 01 2010 Forecast: 330 kaf (90% of normal)
Range: 235-450 kaf (64 - 123% of normal)

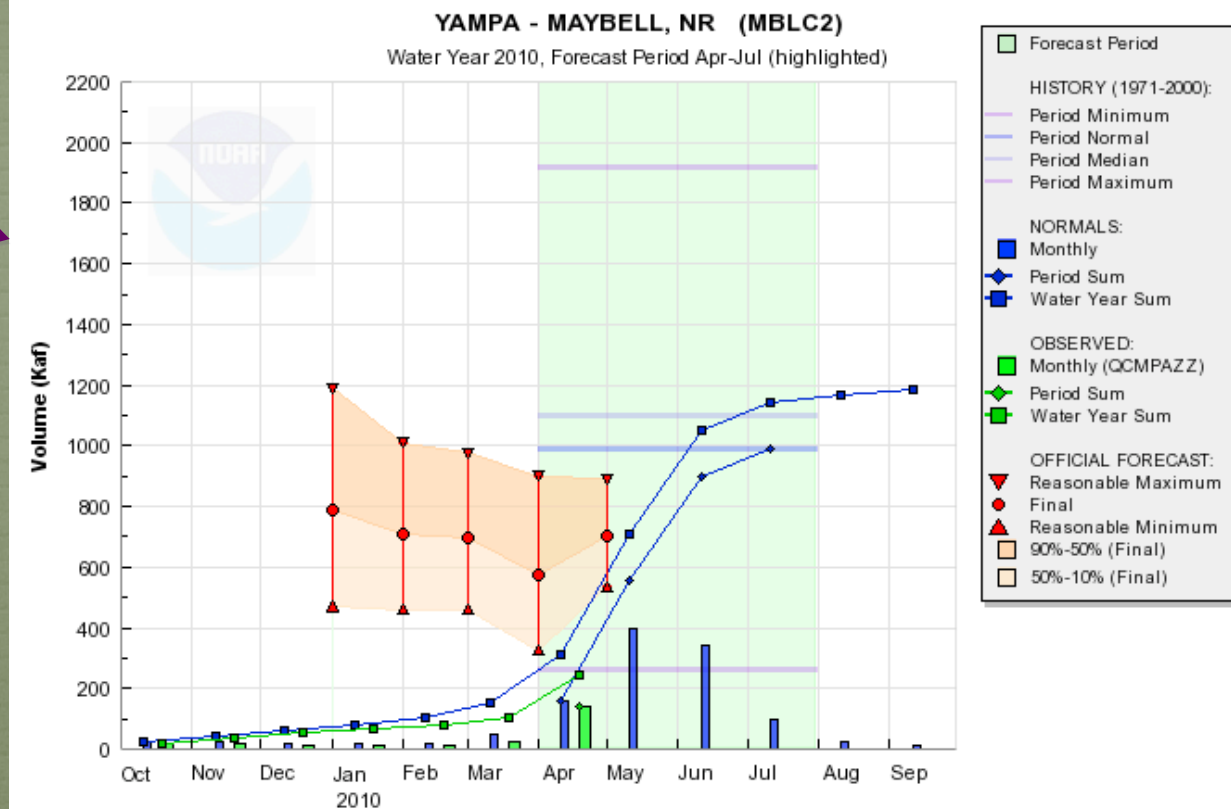
LITTLE SNAKE - LILY, NR (LILC2)

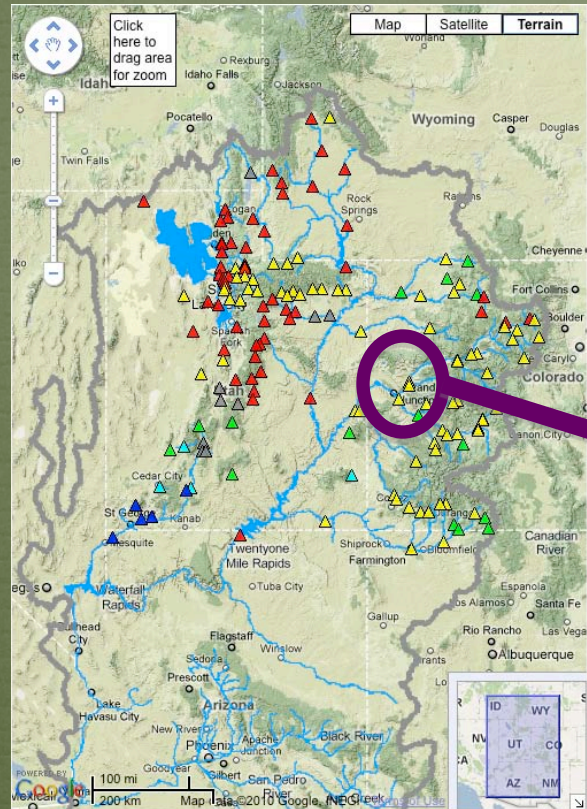
Water Year 2010, Forecast Period Apr-Jul (highlighted)



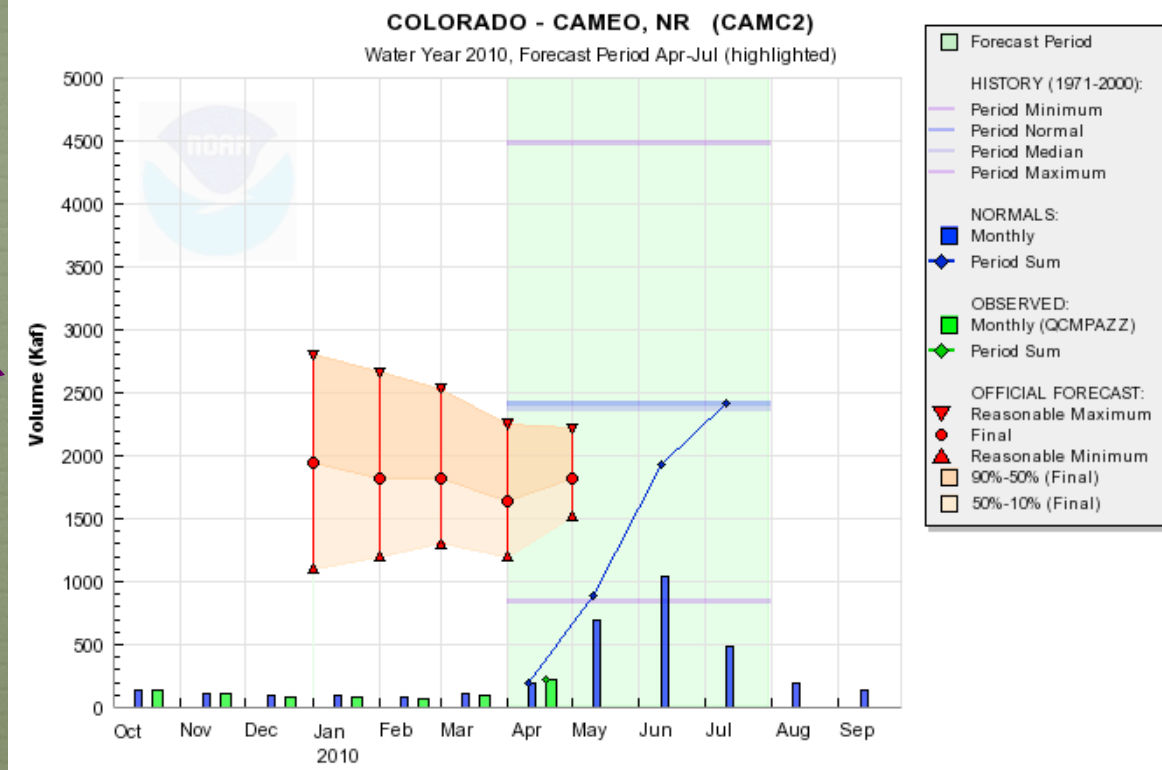


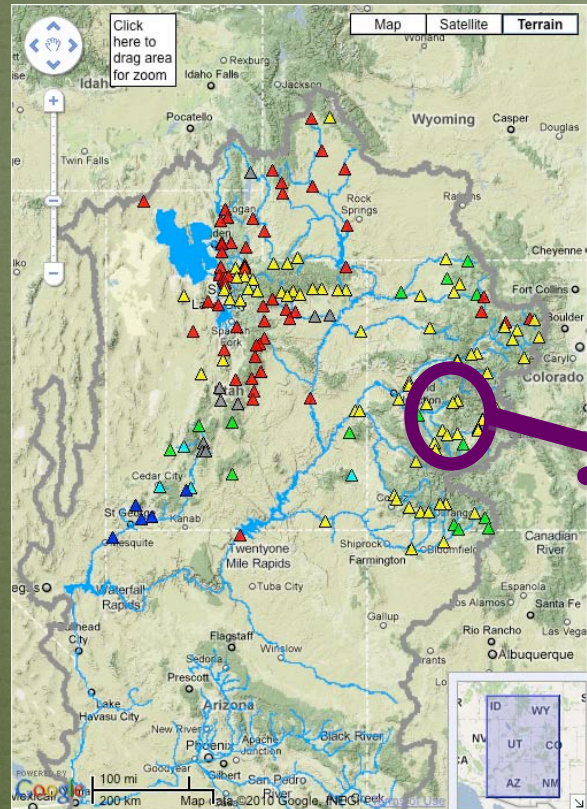
May 01 2010 Forecast: 700 kaf (71% of normal)
Range: 535-890 kaf (54 - 90% of normal)





May 01 2010 Forecast: 1820 kaf (75% of normal)
Range: 1520-2220 kaf (63 - 92% of normal)

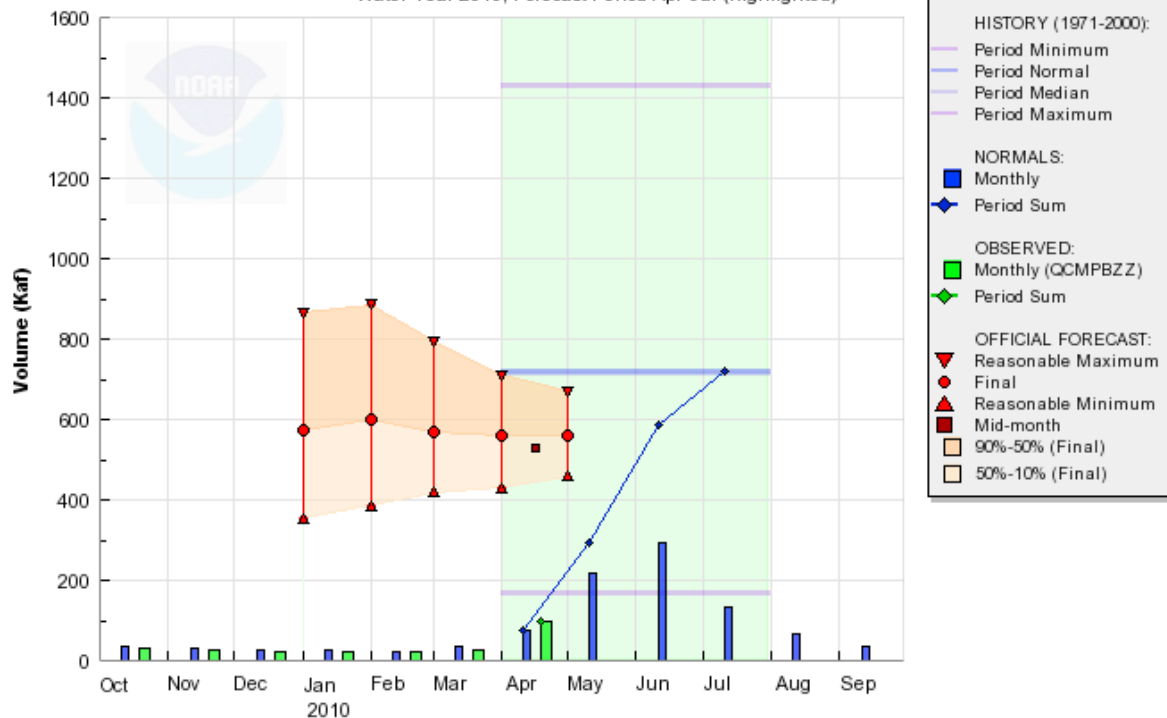


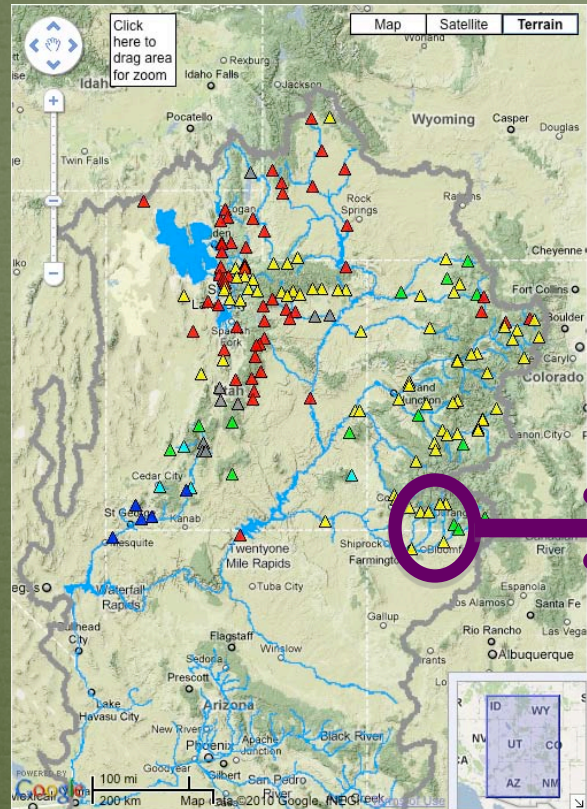


May 01 2010 Forecast: 560 kaf (78% of normal)
Range: 460-670 kaf (64 - 93% of normal)

GUNNISON - BLUE MESA RES (BMDc2)

Water Year 2010, Forecast Period Apr-Jul (highlighted)

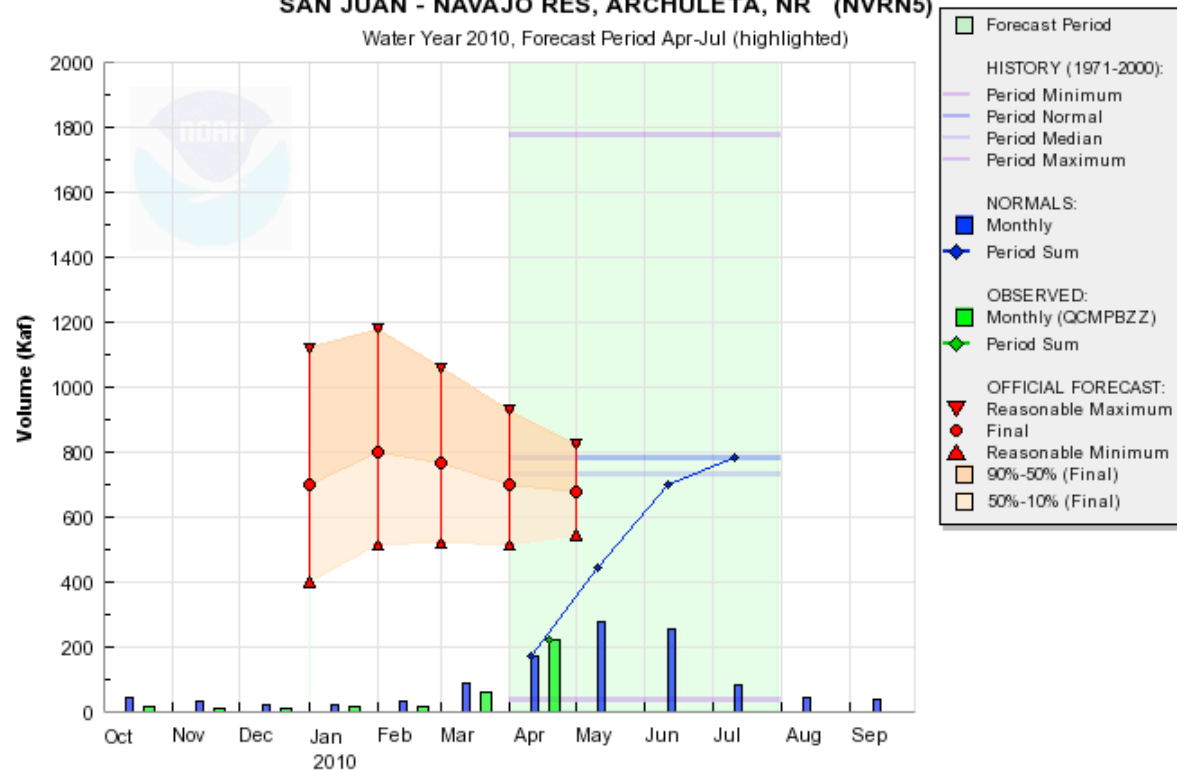


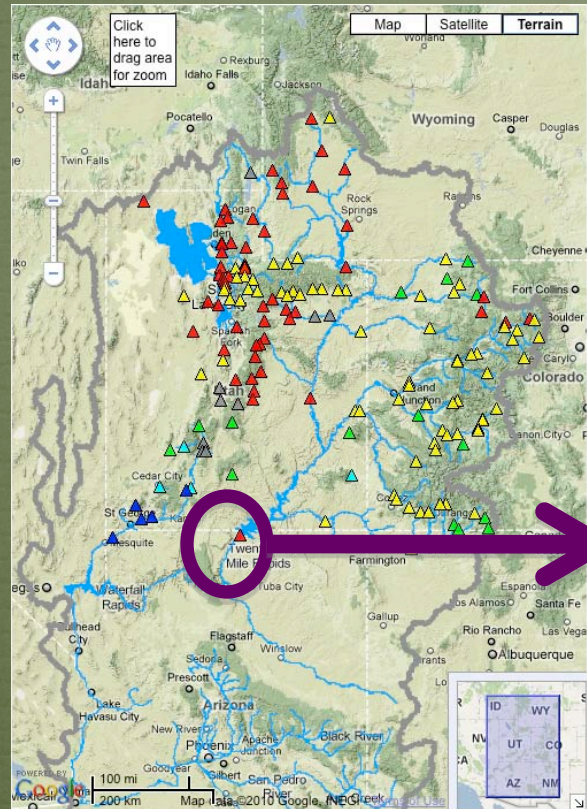


May 01 2010 Forecast: 680 kaf (87% of normal)
Range: 545-825 kaf (69 - 105% of normal)

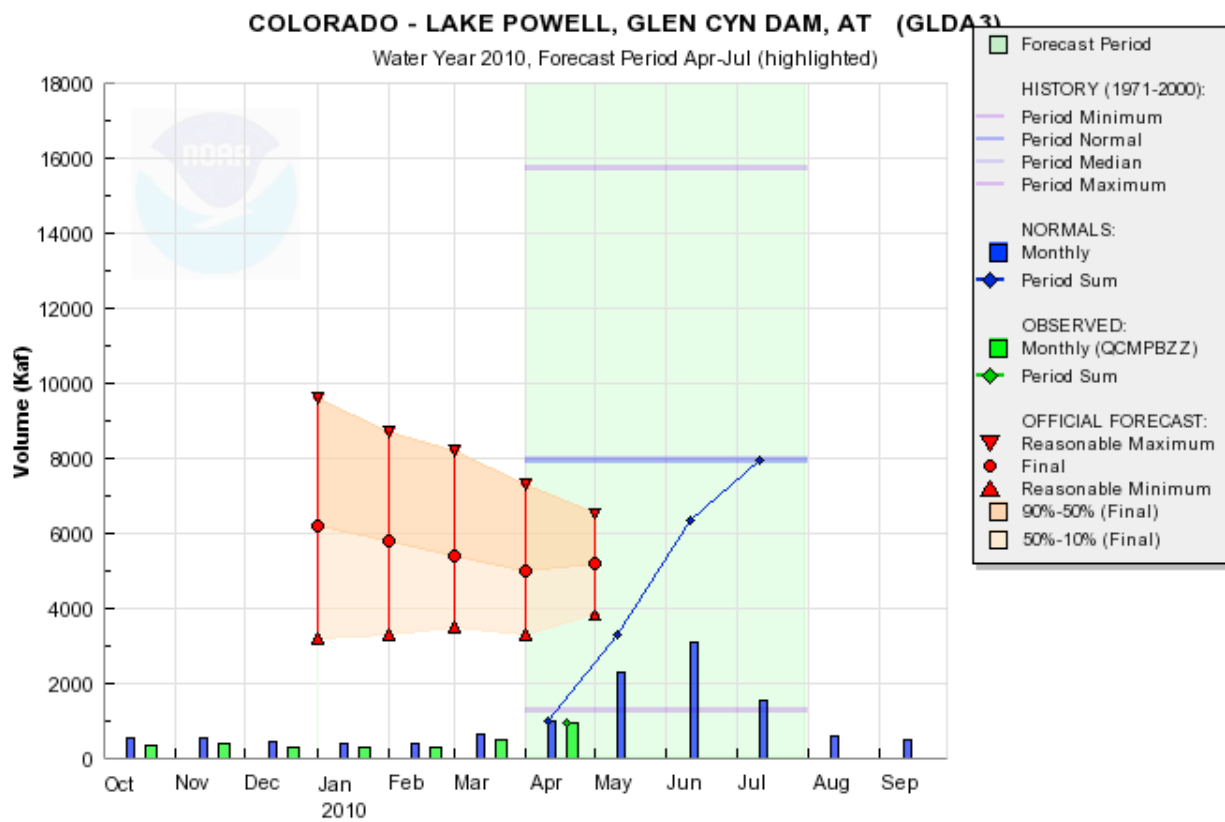
SAN JUAN - NAVAJO RES, ARCHULETA, NR (NVRN5)

Water Year 2010, Forecast Period Apr-Jul (highlighted)



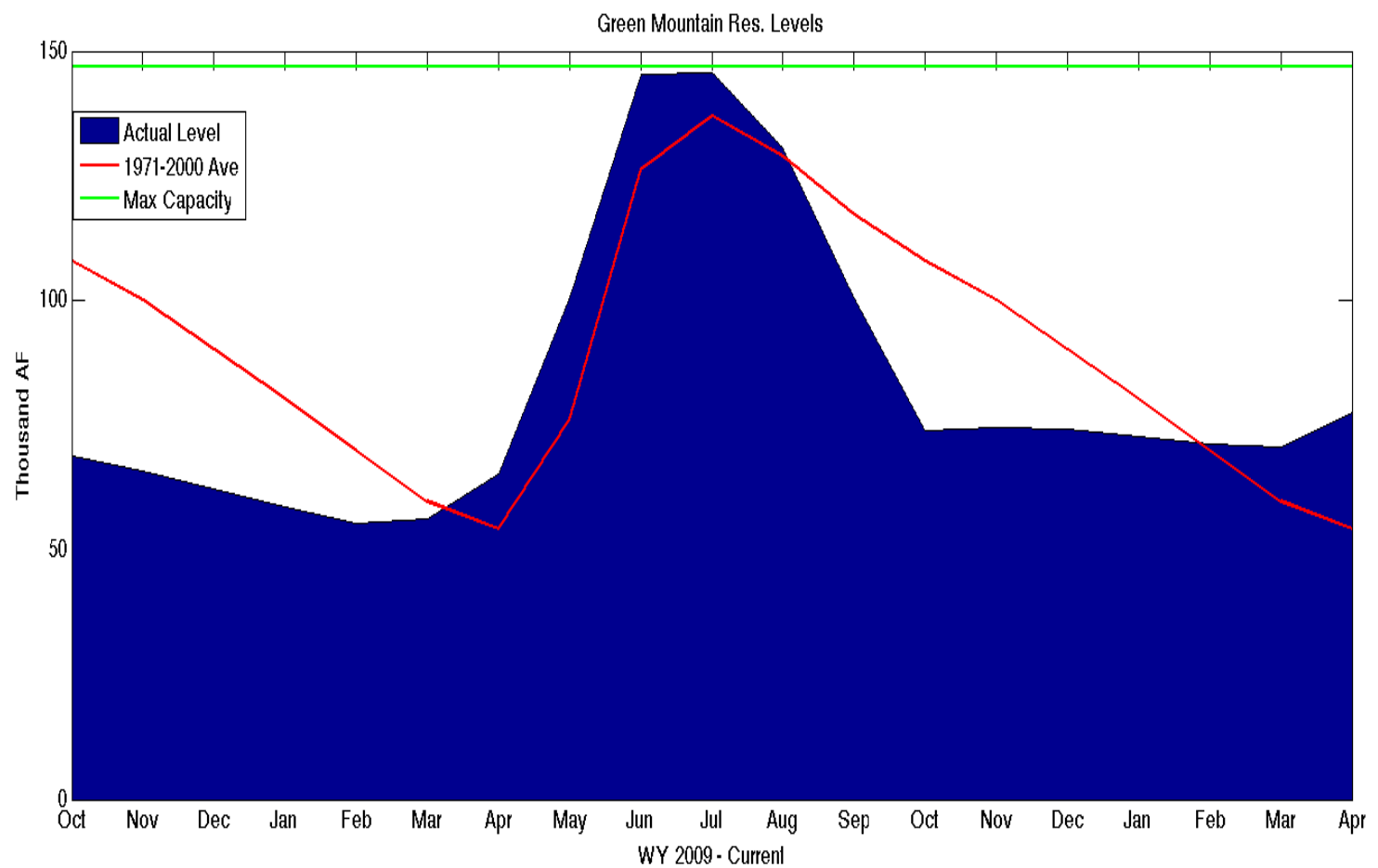


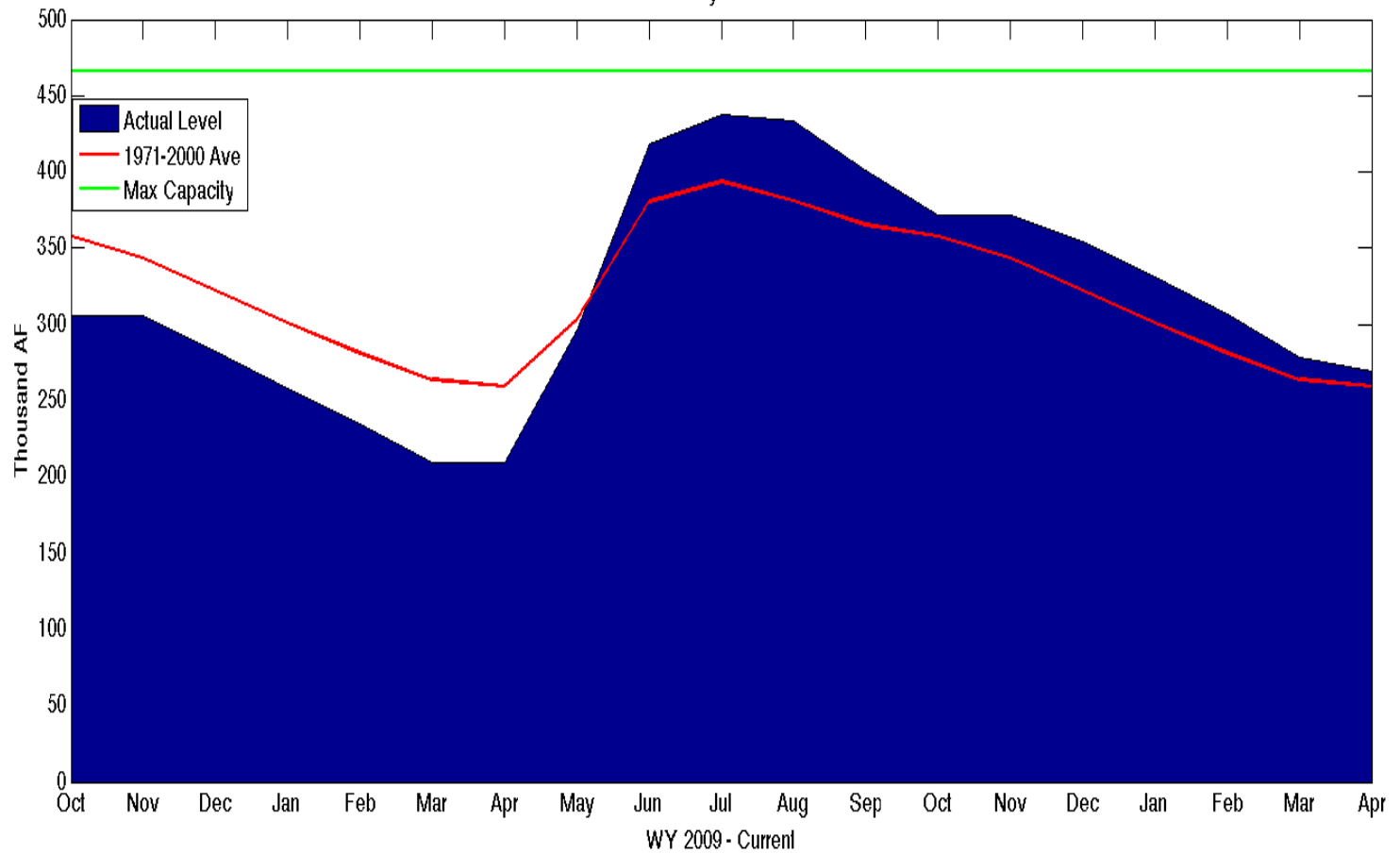
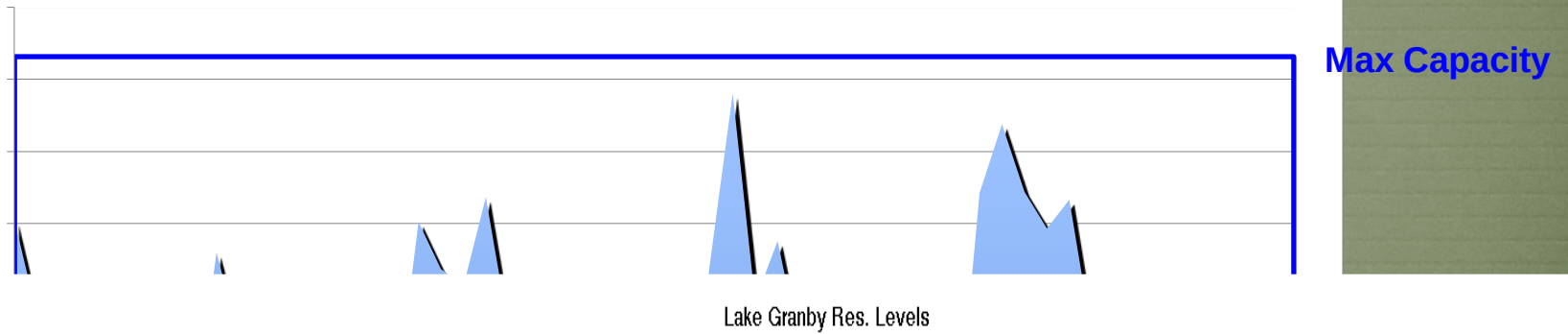
May 01 2010 Forecast: 5200 kaf (66% of normal)
Range: 3830-6530 kaf (48 - 82% of normal)

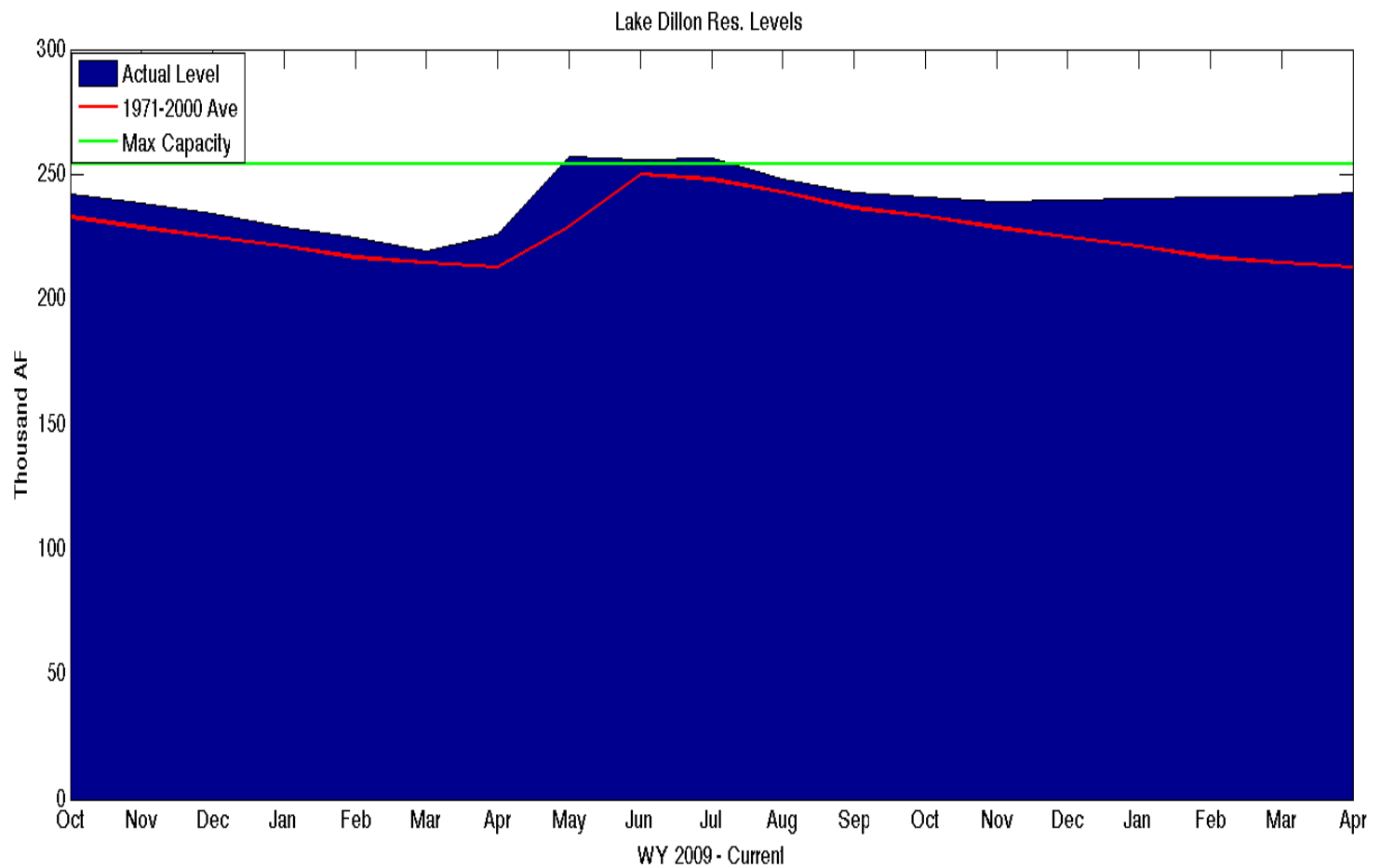
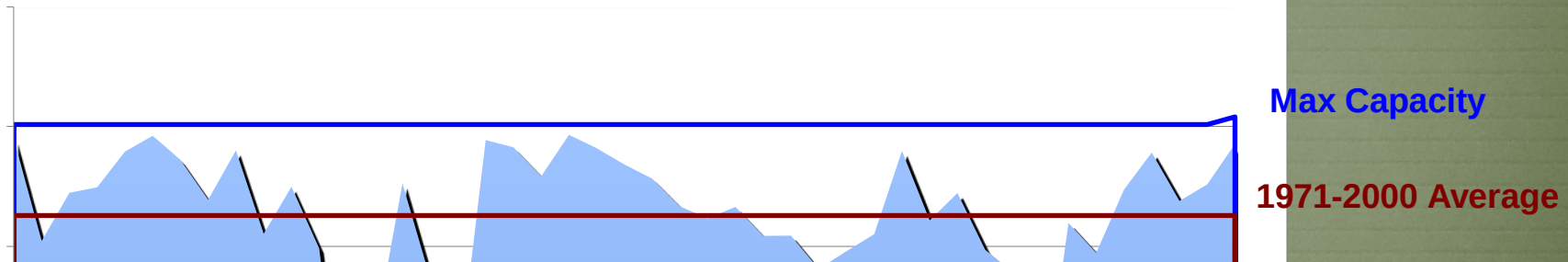


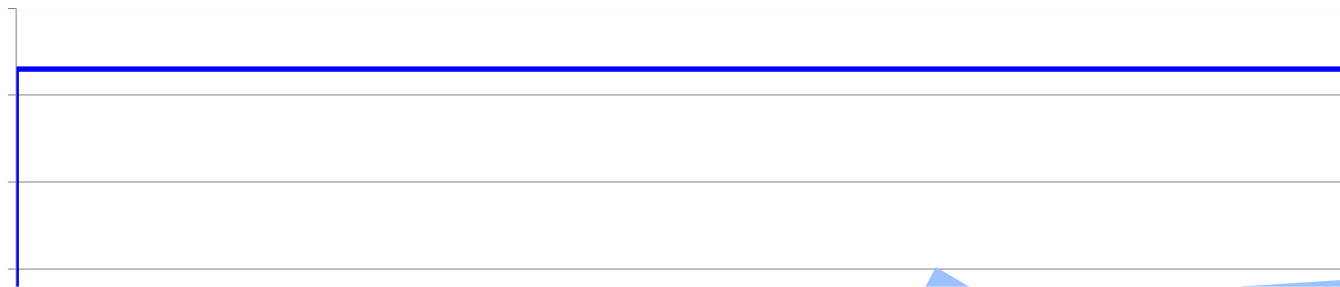
Reservoir Update





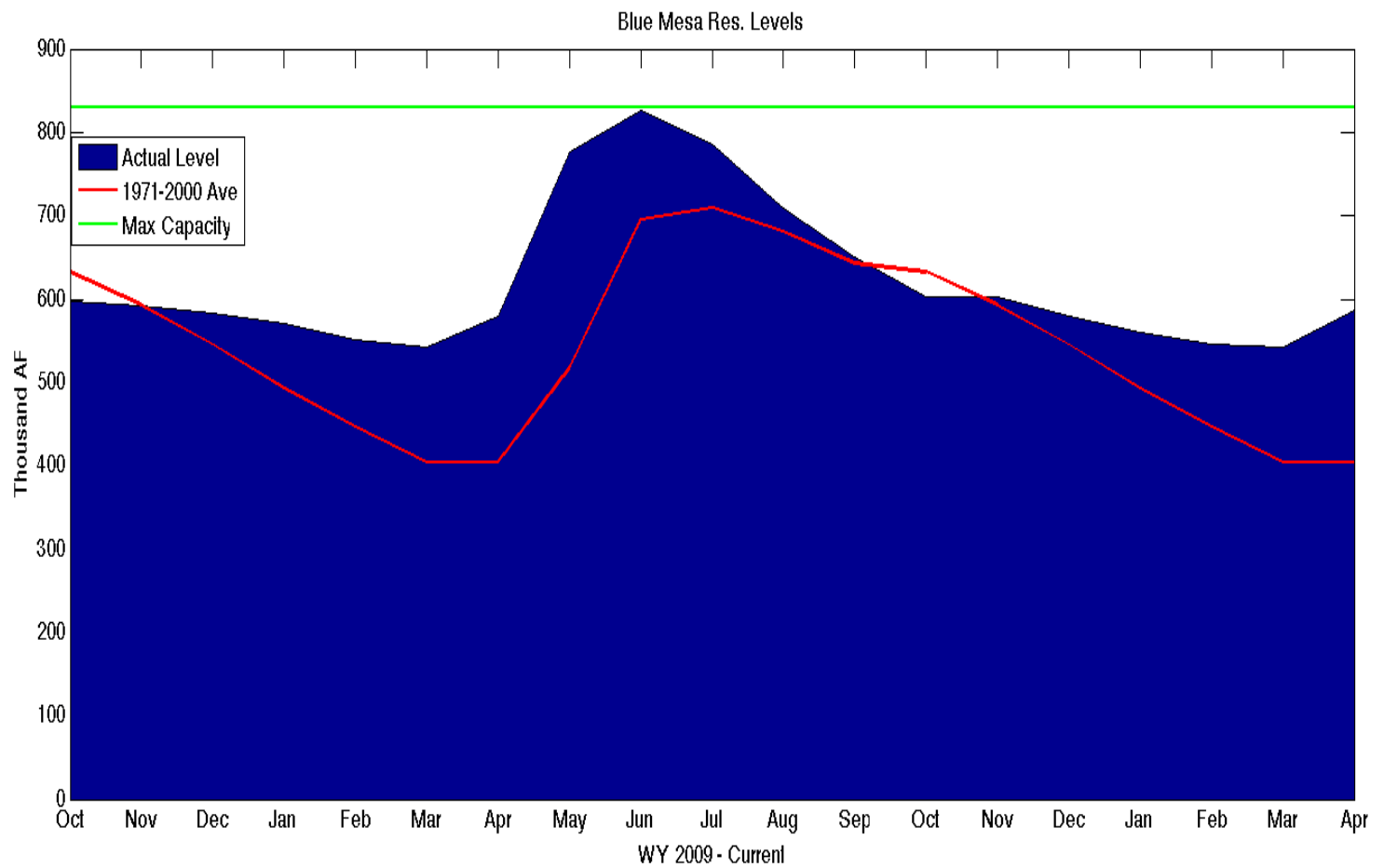


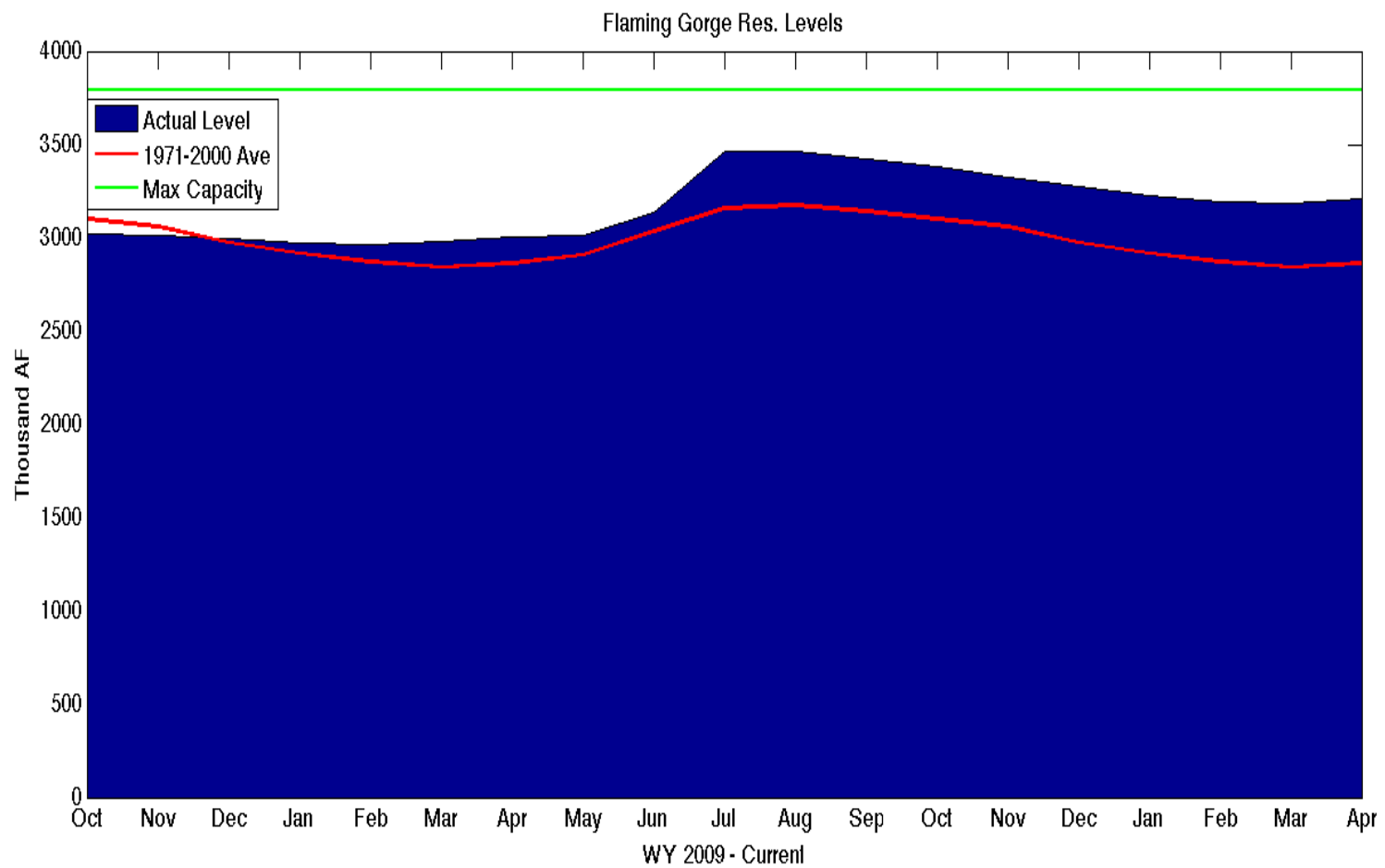
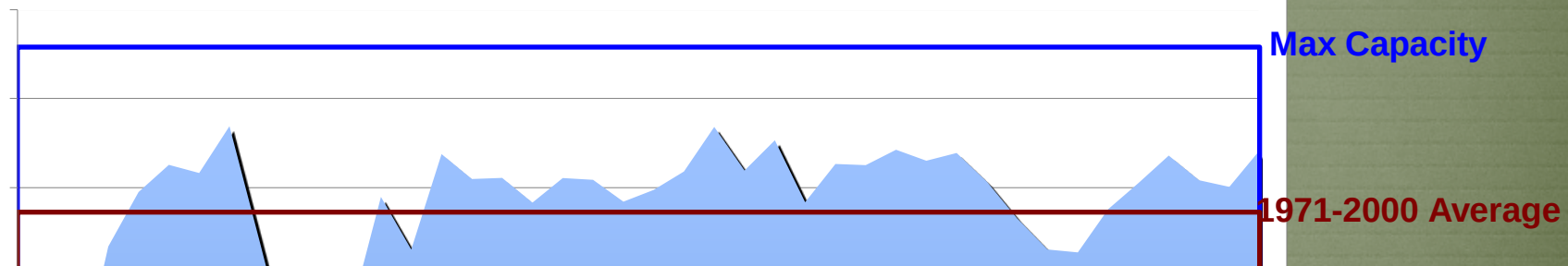




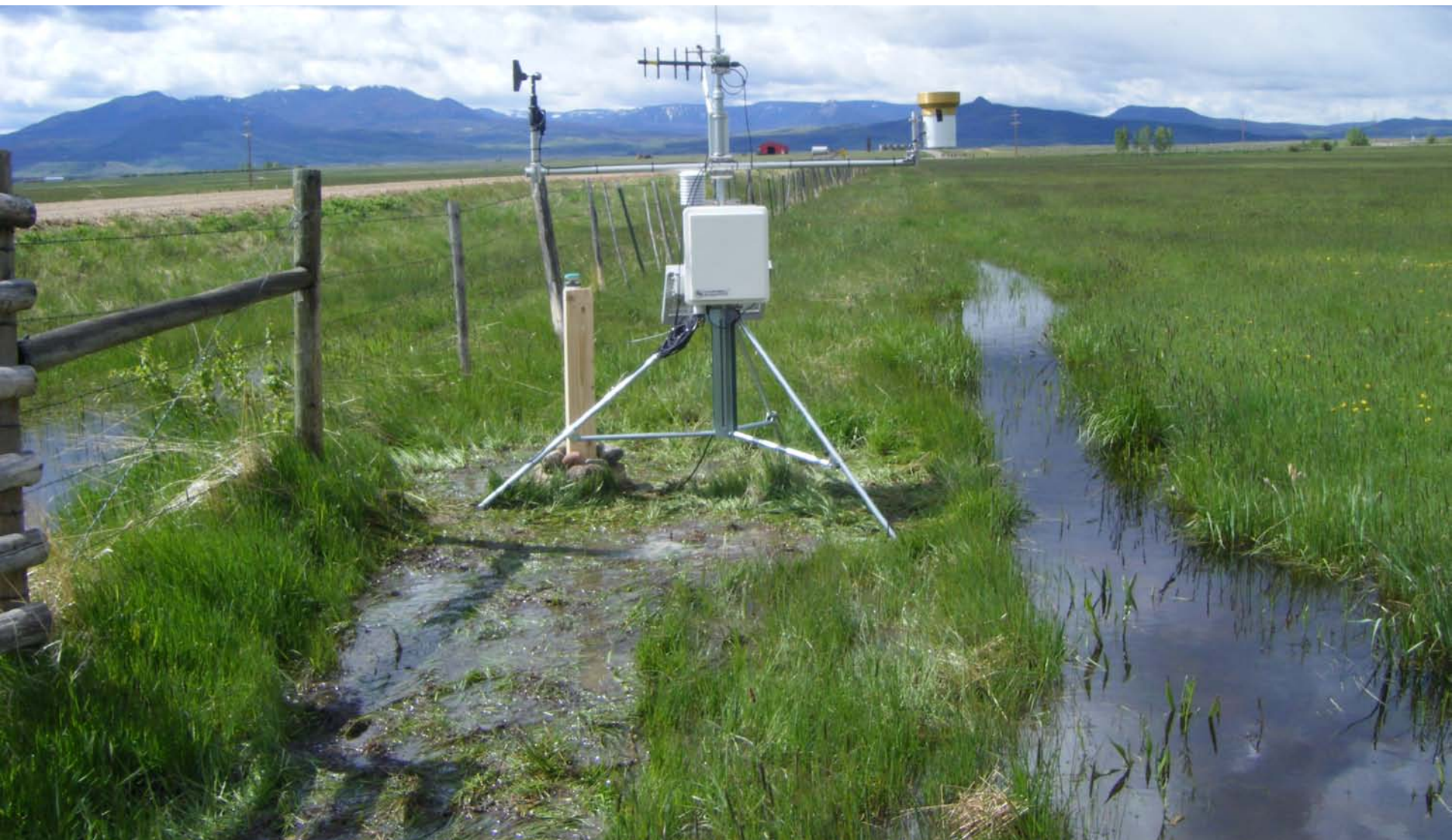
Max Capacity

Thousand AF



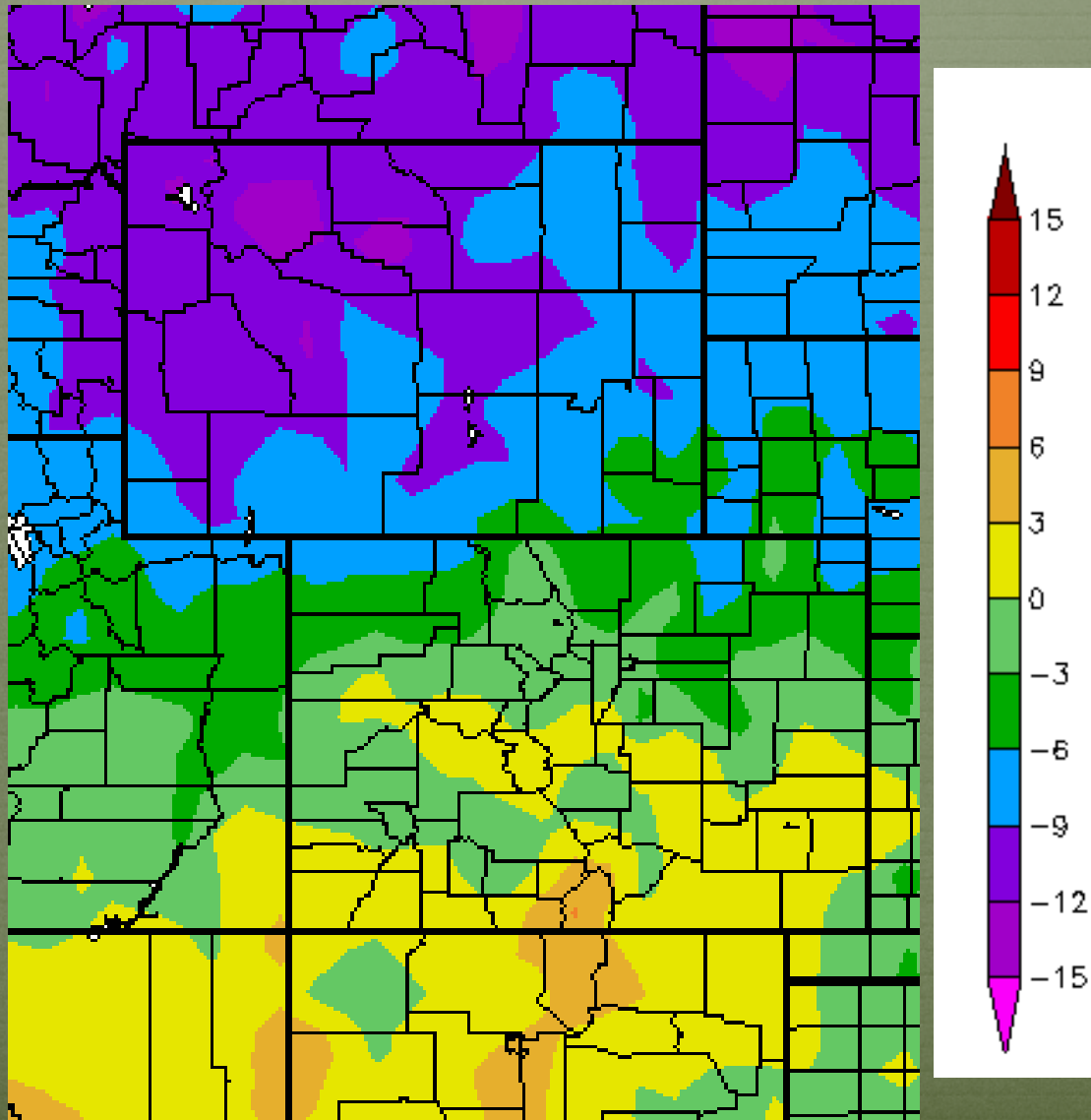


Water Demand



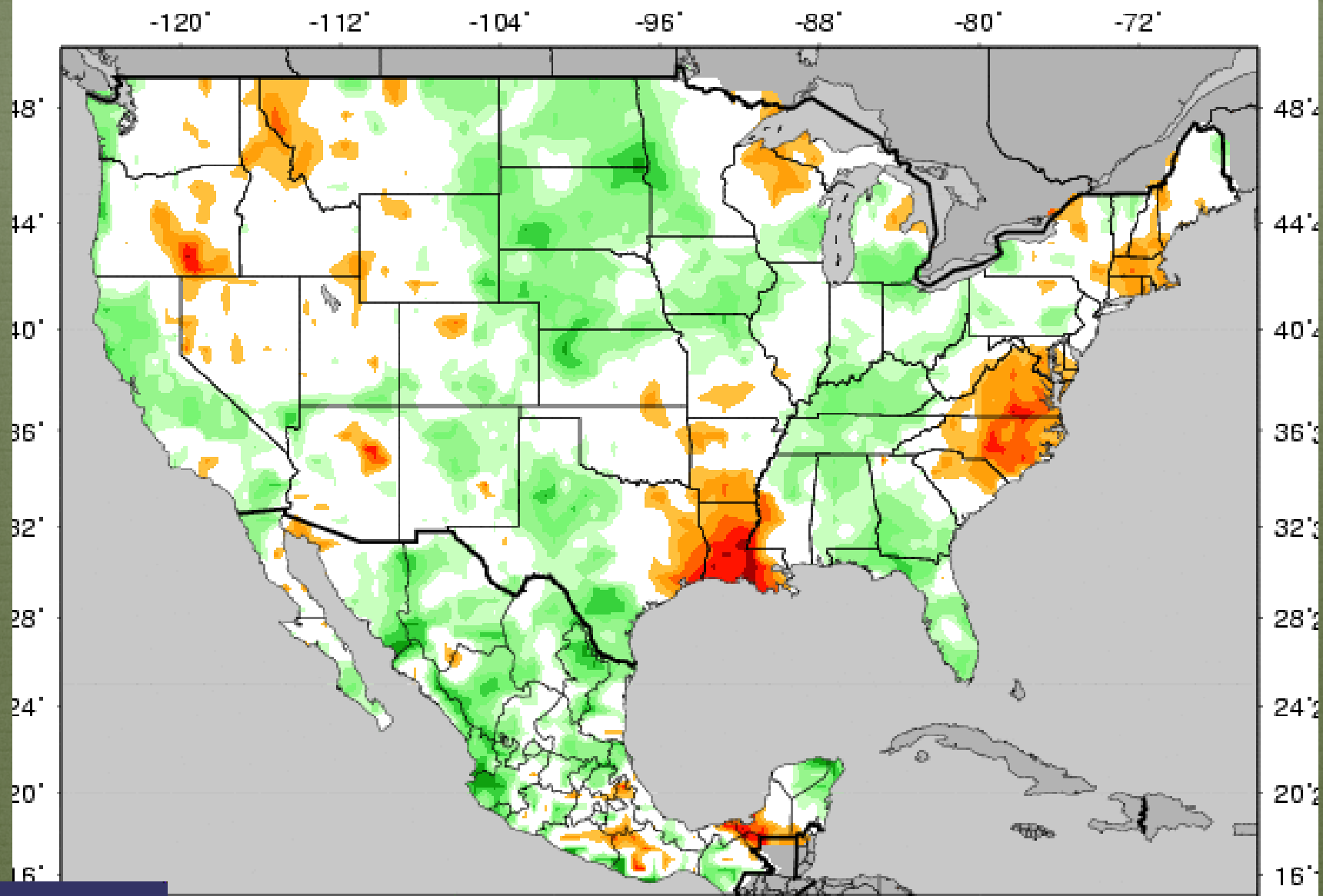
Temperature Departure from Normal

5/4/2010 – 5/10/2010



VIC Total Moisture Storage Percentiles (wrt/ 1916-2004)

20100509



percentile

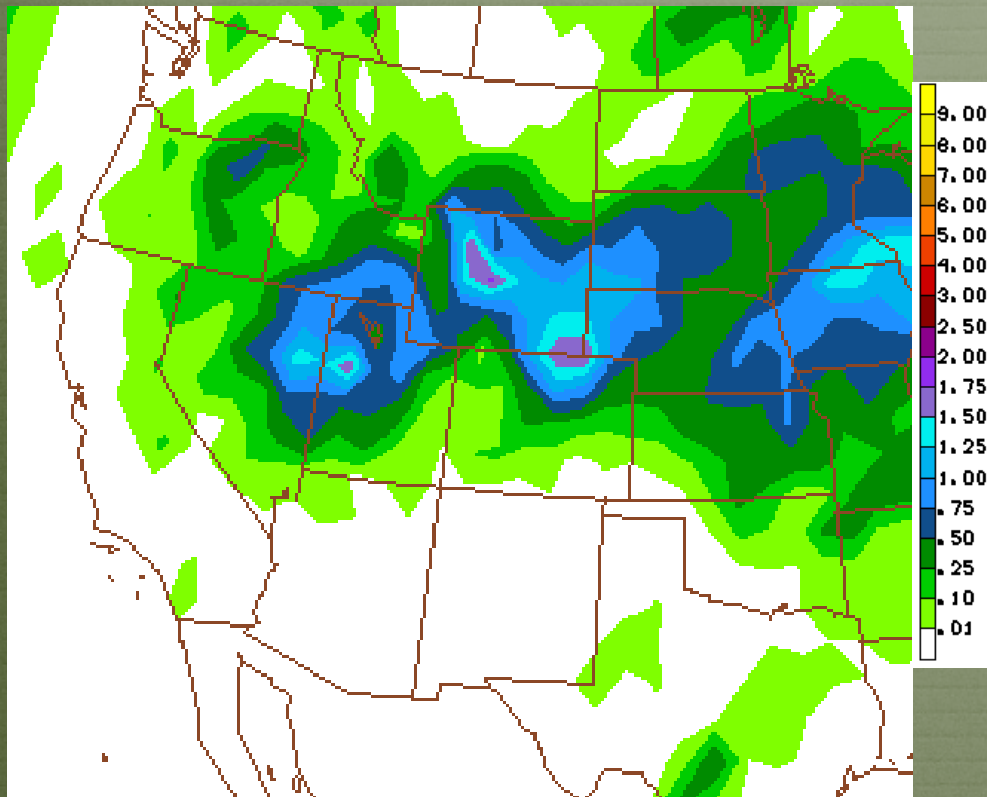
Precipitation Forecast

Joe Ramey Grand Junction Weather Forecast Office

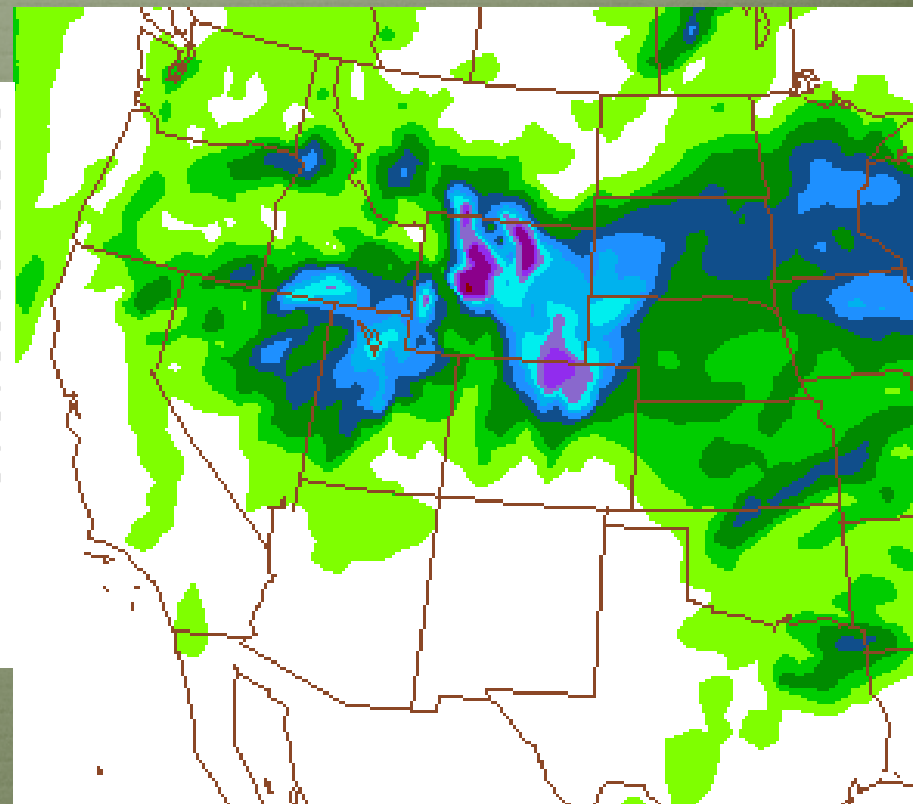


GFS and NAM, 2 day precip forecasts

48 hr GFS, ending Wed midnight MST



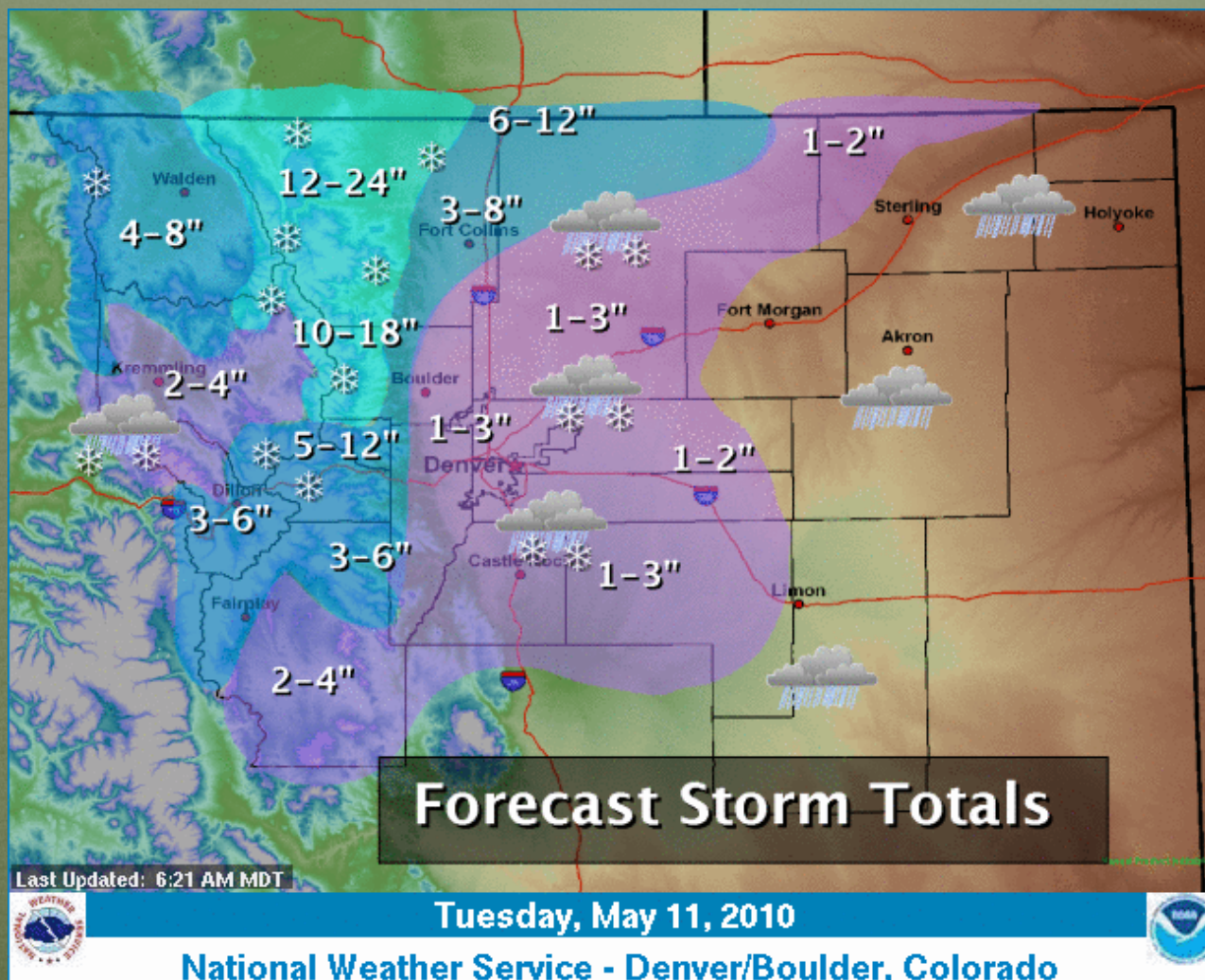
48hr NAM, ending Wed midnight MST



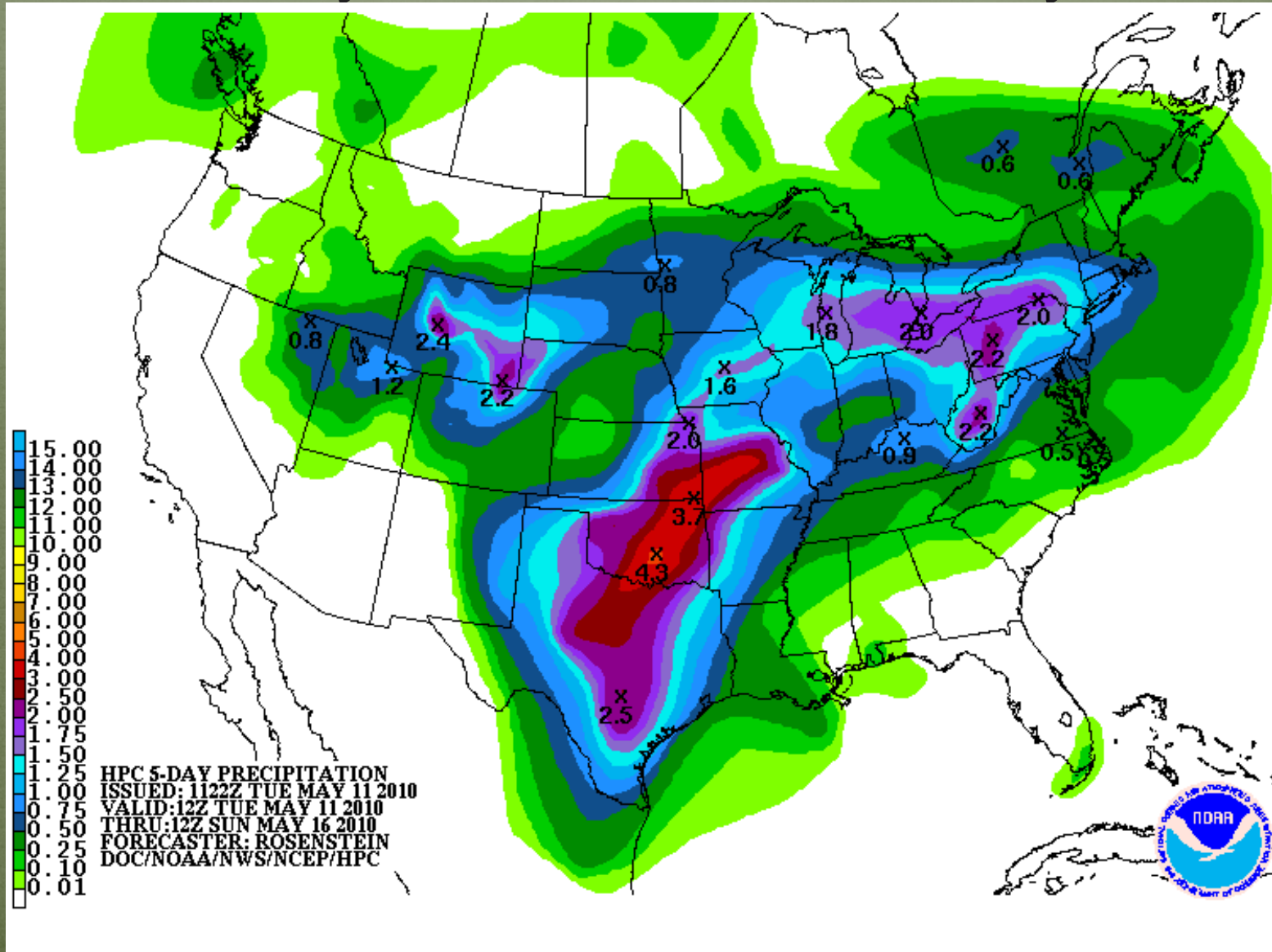
Winter Storm Warning:

N. Grand/S. Jackson/W. Larimer/W. Boulder Counties.

12-24 Inches Snow. 3pm Tues – Noon Wed.



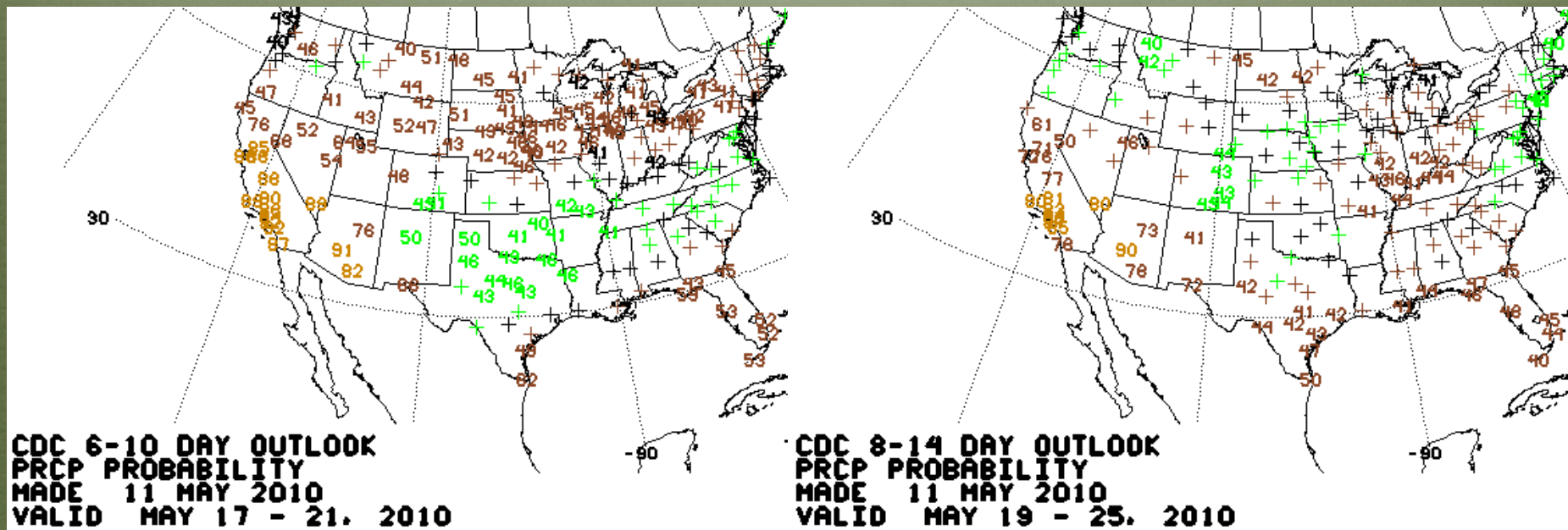
HPC 5-day forecast thru Sunday 6am



NOAA/ESRL “Reforecast”

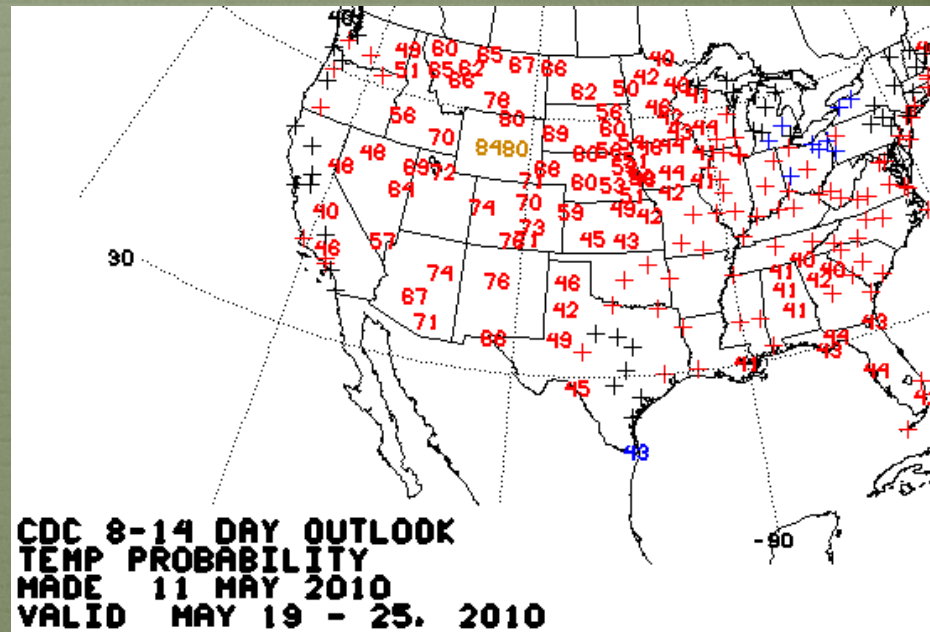
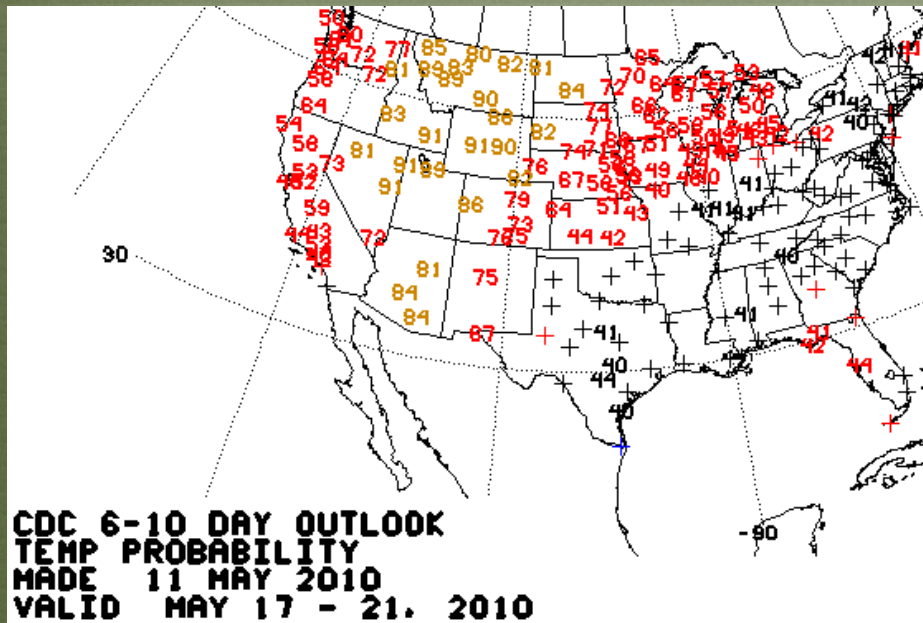
Precipitation Outlook

Green, Black, Brown = Probs of Upper, Middle, Lower Terciles, respectively



NOAA/ESRL "Reforecast" Temperature Outlook

Red, Black, Blue = Probabilities of Upper, Middle, Lower Terciles, respectively

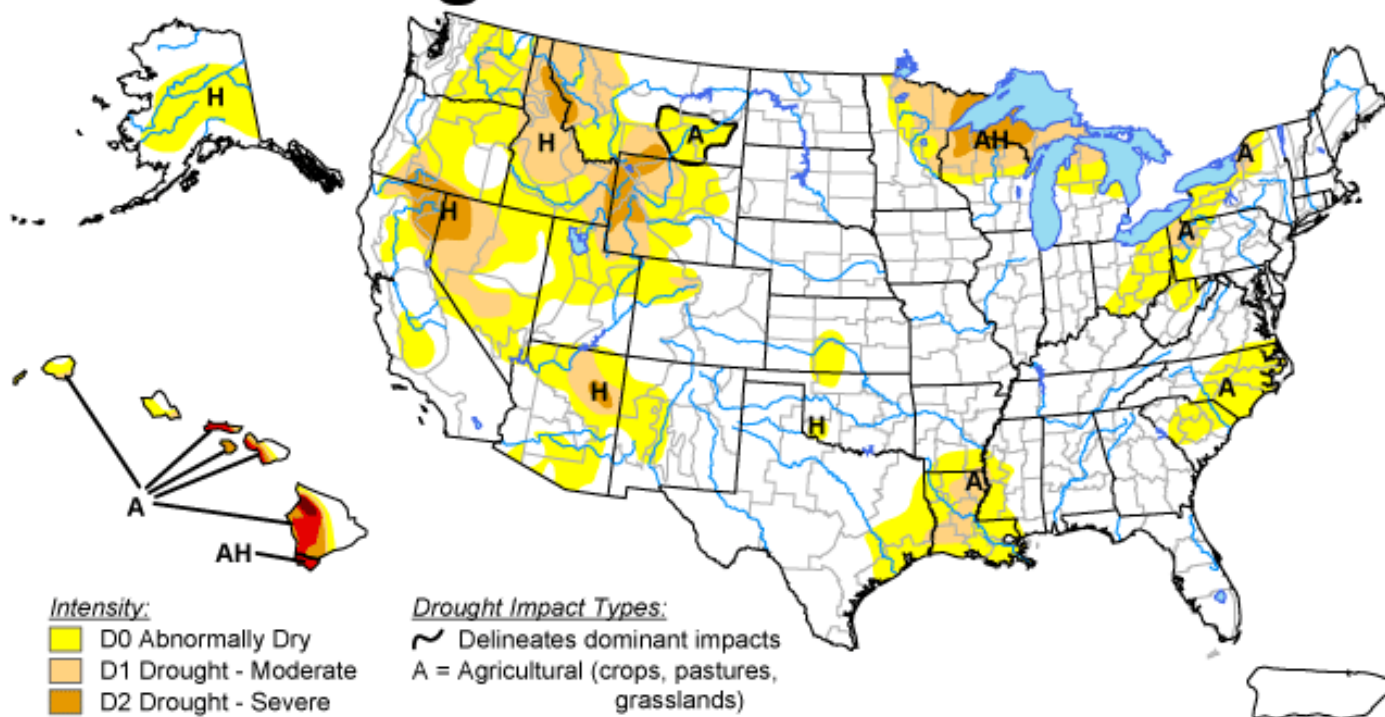


Recommendations

U.S. Drought Monitor

May 4, 2010

Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Drought - Moderate
- D2 Drought - Severe
- D3 Drought - Extreme
- D4 Drought - Exceptional

Drought Impact Types:

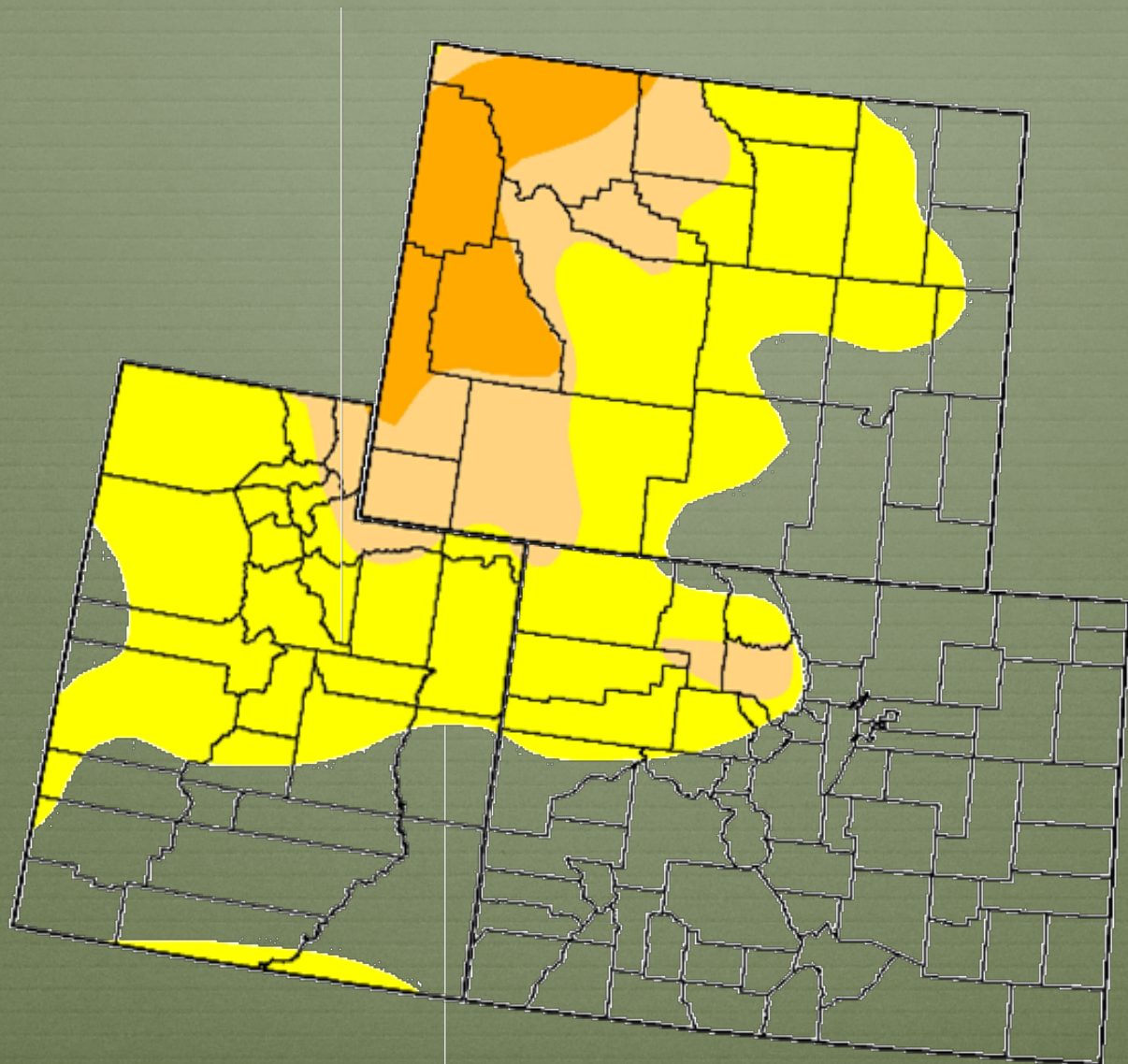
- Delineates dominant impacts
- A = Agricultural (crops, pastures, grasslands)
- H = Hydrological (water)



Released Thursday, May 6, 2010

Author: Michael Brewer/Liz Love-Brotak, NOAA/NESDIS/NCDC

<http://drought.unl.edu/dm>



OPEN

CONTACT:

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FORT COLLINS, CO 80523

970 - 491 - 8545

NIDIS - UPPER COLORADO BASIN PILOT PROJECT

For more information

Summary

Some decent amounts of moisture fell last week over the drought affected regions in western Wyoming. The Utah-Wyoming and Wyoming-Colorado borders also saw precipitation amounts of around half an inch or more last week. Aside from southern Colorado, most of the region experienced much cooler than average temperatures, which helped to retard the mountain snowmelt that had begun at the high elevations. Most of the lower elevation snotel stations continue to see rapid melting. Snotel station improvements were limited to those areas that received decent precipitation last week. The remainder of the tri-state region's snotels saw a decrease in their water-year-to-date precipitation percent of average from last week, though the decreases were very small. Streamflow discharges have declined over the past week, and the percentage of stream gages reporting below normal conditions has more than doubled to 57%. The majority of the stations reporting normal conditions (in the 25-75% range) fall in the lower end of that range. However, streamflow forecasts have been improving, with much of the region seeing 5-10% improvements in streamflow forecasts and the Little Snake River Basin (in northwest Colorado) showing a 15-20% improvement. Reservoir levels throughout the region have risen since last month, and all look to be amply filled for the summer. Recent runs of the NAM and GFS are in excellent agreement about the approaching storm, which looks to favor much of Wyoming and northern Colorado. The particularly dry areas of Colorado will benefit from this storm, though the heaviest amounts look to be concentrated east of the Continental Divide as this is an upslope event. This system will move out of the area on Wednesday. Thursday and Friday, the area could see some remaining scattered showers. Starting this weekend and moving into next week, we will be looking at warmer and drier conditions throughout most of the region.

No Wyoming representatives were on the call, therefore any changes to the drought monitor map for their state will be discussed separately. Status quo has again been recommended for Colorado. No significant changes were seen this week, though we will be eyeing this upcoming storm's totals carefully in Grand, Jackson, and Routt counties in case adjustments need to be made to the D1 next week.